

Cottam Parkway Railway Station

Environmental Statement

Volume 3: Appendices Appendix 18.4: Impacts Summary Table Document Reference: 07-ES-03-18.4-03



www.lancashire.gov.uk

ES Document Control

Project Title: Cottam Parkway Railway Station

Document Reference: 07-ES-03-18.4-03

Appendix Title: Impacts Summary Table

Version No: 3

	Created By	Checked By	Date Comments provided
Version 1 April 2022	Nicholas Benson	Victoria Walmsley Niamh O'Sullivan	07/04/2022
Version 2 July 2022	Nicolas Benson	Niamh O'Sullivan	03/08/2022
Version 3 August 2022	Nicholas Benson	Niamh O'Sullivan	16/08/2022
Document Status	Final	•	

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	ub discipline Potential Significant Impacts		Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts	
		Construction	Operation (Opening Year)		Proposed	Timing of Implementatio n	Operation (Design Year)	
Landscape and Visual Impact	Topography and Hydrology Land Use Landscape Character	The assessment of landscape elements and features (i.e. landform and drainage, landcover and vegetation, historic and cultural associations, and settlement and built heritage) are inherent within the assessment of landscape character. The landscape chapter assessment describes these features but they have not been assessed and given a significance rating to avoid the risk of double counting. Moderate adverse significance effects to two landscape character areas The remaining landscape character areas would experience no impacts	Moderate adverse significance affects to two landscape character areas	Impact on the Fylde Landscape Character Area (LCA) through the loss of mature trees and hedgerow field boundaries. Lea-Cottam Rural Urban Fringe LLCA and Fylde Farmland Local Landscape Character Area (LLCA).	Mitigation planting within the Scheme Proposed landscape mitigation measures are shown in the Environmental Masterplan (Appendix 18.1). Mitigation includes reinstatement of trees and hedgerows to be lost. Planting of mainly native woodland, shrub, tree, hedgerow and grassland planting along the Scheme to	Detailed de Sign / Construction	Slight adverse significant affects to two landscape character areas	
	Visual Amenity	Residential Receptors: Large adverse significance effects to receptors in viewpoint 1,3,5,6,7	Residential Receptors: Large adverse significant effects to	Impacts on visual receptors would primarily arise from the removal of trees and hedgerows in the view which consequently increases or	 provide screening, biodiversity enhancement. Proposed landscape mitigation measures are shown in the Environmental Masterplan (Appendix 18.1). 	Detailed design / Construction	Residential Receptors: Slight adverse non- significant effect for visual receptors1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	
		Moderate adverse significant effects to receptors in viewpoint 2	receptors in viewpoint 7 and 5 Moderate	introduces the movement of traffic on the access road and the presence of a new bridge and railway station building and car park development	A Sedum Roof to north pitch of railway station roof would be installed. Bridge finish that complements		Recreational Receptors: Slight adverse non- significant effect for visual receptors 2, 12 and 14	
		۷	adverse	within the view.	Quakers Bridge would be		Community and	

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Im	pacts	Comments	Mitigation
Discipline		Slight adverse non- significance affects to receptors in viewpoint 10,11,13 Recreational Receptors: Large adverse significant effects t at viewpoints 12 and 14 Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 2, 8 Slight adverse non- significance effects to viewpoint 4, 11 Community and Business Premises: Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 2, 7 Neutral adverse non- significance effects to viewpoint 11 Users of the Local Road Network: Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 7 for cyclists Slight adverse non- significance effects to viewpoint 7 for cyclists Slight adverse non- significance effects to viewpoint 11, 1, 5, 6 for travellers	significant effects to receptors in viewpoint 1, 3, 6 and 2 Recreational Receptors: Large adverse significant effects at viewpoints 12 and 14 Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 2 Community and Business Premises: Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 1 Users of the Local Road Network: Moderate adverse significant effects at viewpoint 7 for cyclists		designed. Directional lighting to Lancashire County Council standard design would be used to minimise light spill.
Ecology	Statutory Designated Sites for Nature	travellers No significant impact	No significant impact	Haslam Park Preston LNR falls within 2km of the scheme (1.9km east of the scheme). This LNR is highly unlikely to	None required

Predicted Residual	
Impacts Business Premises: Slight adverse non- significant effect for visual receptor 1	
Users of the Local Road Network: Slight adverse non- significant effect for visual receptor 7	
None	

esignated	No significant impact		be functionally connected to the land within the Scheme due to the distance and reasons for designation. Therefore, no impacts are			Impacts
esignated	No significant impact		predicted on this LNR.			
ites for ature onservation	i to olgrinoart impaot	No significant impact	Non designated sites within 2km of the scheme Lancaster Canal (Whole Length in Lancashire Including Glasson Branch) BNFL Springfields Works Ponds BHS Deepdale Wood BHS	None required		No significant residual effects
unning water	No significant impact	No significant impact	There is one minor (unnamed) watercourse within the Scheme footprint. Most of this watercourse is currently culverted under the pasture land which forms the proposed area of the car park.	The watercourse is to be protected from potential impacts via integral mitigation (e.g., good practice pollution prevention measures).	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual effects
anding /ater	No significant impact	No significant impact	One pond is located within the Scheme footprint to the south east of the site towards Lea Road. This pond only holds water on a very temporary basis (i.e., after prolonged periods of wet weather) and the vegetation within and around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. The pond within the Scheme boundary containing breeding toad populations would not to be directly impacted during construction or operation. The bridge construction over the Lancaster Canal represents a very small	Integrated construction mitigation and good practice design is to be employed to avoid pollutants entering the watercourse. Whilst there may be temporary impacts (i.e., damage or loss) to the emergent vegetation on the canal margins, this is not considered to represent a significant impact. A Construction Environmental Management Plan would also be implemented to avoid, minimise or mitigate effects on the environment and surrounding area.	Construction	No significant residual effects
	nservation nning water nding	nservation nning water No significant impact nding No significant impact	nservationNo significant impactNo significant impactnning waterNo significant impactNo significant impactndingNo significant impactNo significant	Inservation Glasson Branch) BNFL Springfields Works Ponds BHS Deepdale Wood BHS Inning water No significant impact No significant impact There is one minor (unnamed) watercourse within the Scheme footprint. Most of this watercourse is currently culverted under the pasture land which forms the proposed area of the car park. Inding ter No significant impact No significant impact One pond is located within the Scheme footprint to the south east of the site towards Lea Road. This pond only holds water on a very temporary basis (i.e., after prolonged periods of wet weather) and the vegetation within and around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. The pond within the Scheme boundary containing breeding toad populations would not to be directly impacted during construction or operation.	nservation Glasson Branch) BNFL Springfields Works Ponds BHS Deepdale Wood BHS nning water No significant impact No significant impact There is one minor (unnamed) watercourse within the Scheme footprint. Most of this watercourse is currently culverted under the pasture land which forms the proposed area of the car park. The watercourse is to be protected from potential impacts via integral mitigation (e.g., good practice pollution prevention measures). nding ter No significant impact No significant impact One pond is located within the Scheme footprint to the sout water on a very temporary basis (i.e., after prolonged periods of wet weather) and the vegetation within and around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. Integrated construction mitigation and good practice design is to the emergent vegetation within and around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. The pond within the Scheme boundary construction or operation. The bridge construction over the Lancaster Canal represents a very small percentage of the total length	Inservation Glasson Branch) BNFL Springfields Works Ponds BHS Deepdale Wood BHS Deepdale Wood BHS Inning water No significant impact No significant impact No significant made are of the car park. There is one minor (unnamed) watercourse within the Scheme footprint. Most of this watercourse is currently culverted under the pasture land which forms the proposed area of the car park. The watercourse is to be protected from potential impacts via integrate pollution (e.g., good practice pollution prevention measures). Detailed design / Construction nding terr No significant impact No significant impact One pond is located within the Scheme footprint to the south east of the site towards Lea Road. This pond only holds water on a very temporary basis (i.e., after prolonged periods of wet weather) and the vegetation within and around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. Integrated construction mitigation and ogod practice design is to be emergent vegetation on the canal margins, this is not considered to around the pond is terrestrial and would not be classed as an important ecological feature in isolation. This pond is to be retained. Construction Environmental Anagement Plan would also be implemented to avoid, minimise or mitigate effects on the environment and surrounding area.

Sub discipline	Potential Significant Ir	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
			miles of the canal are navigable).			
Broad Leaved and Mixed Plantation Woodland	No significant impact	No significant impact		Integral mitigation during construction (e.g., tree protection) and operation for all retained trees would avoid potential significant impacts related to changes in environmental conditions / disturbance.	Construction	No significant residual effect
Broad leaved Semi Neutral Woodland	No significant impact	No significant impact		Integral mitigation during construction (e.g., tree protection) and operation for all retained trees would avoid potential significant impacts related to changes in environmental conditions / disturbance.	Construction	No significant residual effect
Scattered Broad Leaved Trees	Significant at the Local level	No significant impact	3 trees to be removed	0.98ha of native tree planting and a further 0.99ha of ornamental trees. Hedgerow and tree planting and management would compensate for habitat losses upon successful establishment and maturity of the habitats.	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual effect
Hedgerows	Significant at the District level	No significant impact	Loss of 970m of hedgerow	Replacement hedgerow and tree planting (minimum of five woody species) within a combined total of 1370m. Strengthening of existing hedgerows through adoption of good management practices	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual effect
Grassland and farmland	No significant impact	No significant impact	Improved grassland – Less than local importance Marshy grassland – Less than local importance Poor semi-improved grassland – less than local importance Arable land – less than local importance Amenity grassland – less than local importance	Mitigation hierarchy would seek to avoid reduction in grassland and farmland where possible and minimise land take. Where possible temporary working areas to be restored post construction. The Scheme would also, achieve Biodiversity Net Gain – planting of wildflower meadows retention and creation of wildflower meadows.	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual effect

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
·				grassland as a result of the development of the scheme.			
	Swamp	No significant impact	No significant impact	There are no pathways for potential impacts to the swamp habitat identified within the study area.	None required	NA	NA
	Marsh/Marshy Grassland	No significant impact	No significant impact		None required	NA	NA
	Badger	No significant impact	No significant impact	Badger absent from site and surrounds	None required	NA	NA
	Bats	Common pipistelle - significant at the Local level Daubenton's bat - significant at the Local level Noctule - significant at the Local level Brown long-eared bat - significant at the Local level	Significant at a Local level	The light level would not significantly impact light tolerant species (e.g., common pipistrelle and noctule) and the potential impacts to brown long-eared bats (i.e., displacement of foraging land within the car park) is not considered to be significant in consideration of the other mitigation and design measures provided.	The protection and retention of hedgerows and trees on the periphery of the construction footprint. Lighting suitable for bats. The creation and management of significant areas of habitat including hedgerows, trees and grasslands. Management of the existing hedgerow resource. Increasing potential roost features	Detailed design / Construction.	No significant residual effect
	Breeding Birds	Significant at the Local level	No significant impact	The habitat types (farmland and hedgerows) most common within the Scheme boundary are well represented within the wider area and the habitat loss would not significantly sever/fragment the breeding bird populations recorded.	The loss of hedgerows and trees	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual effect

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation	
Discipline	Wintering Birds	Significant at the Local level	No significant impact	The habitat types (farmland and hedgerows) most common within the Scheme boundary are well represented within the wider area and the habitat loss would not significantly sever/fragment the wintering bird populations recorded.	The loss of the hedgerow feeding/roosting resource for wintering birds is to be mitigated via the creation of extensive areas of new species-rich hedgerows and native trees and shrubs.	Detaile design Constru
	Barn Owls	No significant impact	No significant impact	Due to the low numbers of barn owl present within the survey area and the lack of optimal foraging habitat present, it is considered that any severance/fragmentation or changes in conditions / disturbance of barn owl would not be significant during the construction or operational phases.	None required.	-
	Great Crested Newts	No significant impact	No significant impact	GCN population considered to be of Less than Local importance	None required	NA
	Common Toad (and other common amphibians)	Significant at the Local level	Significant at the Local level	Due to the relatively low levels of activity and low night-time traffic levels as the Scheme would include an access road to the railway station, mortality incidents due to road collisions are not expected to be significant. The design for the access road includes the use of raised curbs and standard gully pots which may contribute to mortality and severance/ fragmentation of common toad habitat.	Precautionary working measures to avoid species mortality (e.g. hand searches, toolbox talks, ecological supervision). Look to undertake construction of temporary working area compound (adjacent to P24) outside of the migration period (Feb-Apr). (to be confirmed in detailed design) Retention, restoration, and creation of habitats and features (refuge habitats) suitable for common toad including shaded areas near the wetland to the east of the station building.	Detaile design constru enviror manag plan.
	Otters	Significant at the Local level	No significant impact	The design of the access road bridge crossing the canal would not hinder movement of otter along Lancaster Canal.	Disturbance impact to otters would be mitigated via the restriction of construction working to daylight hours within the 10-15m surrounding Lancaster canal. Light spill onto Lancaster Canal will be avoided during operation via a sensitive lighting design and the planting of screening belts of trees	Constru

	Predicted Residual Impacts
ed n / truction	No significant residual effect
	-
	NA
ed n and ruction onmental gement	No significant residual effect
truction	No significant residual effect

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
					along the Scheme		
	Water Vole	No significant impact	No significant impact	Scoped out of further assessment			
	Invertebrates	No significant impact	No significant impact	Scoped out of further assessment			
	Hedgehog	Significant at the Local level	No significant impact		Retention and creation of foraging habitats (grassland, hedgerows and trees).	Detailed design / Construction.	No significant residual effect
					Provision of nesting features (log piles and two hedgehog boxes).		
					Precautionary working methods during construction.		
	Brown Hare	Habitat loss and fragmentation: No significant impact	Non-significant impact	The cumulative impacts of habitat loss and fragmentation are considered to be most relevant to brown hare	None proposed		Significant residual impact at a Local level.
		Mortality: Impacts are considered to be significant at the Local level					
Cultural Heritage	Archaeological Remains	Moderate adverse significant impact – On assets 8, 9, 14, 27, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 51	No significant impact		Implementation of archaeological evaluation and programme of works would be required for compound areas. This will be developed in consultation with the specialist advisor to Lancashire County Council (LCC).	Detailed design / Pre- Construction.	No significant residual impact
	Historic Buildings	Moderate adverse significant effects - Temporary removal of the possible railway milepost (Asset 52) the setting of Grade II listed Quaker's Bridge, (No.19), Darkinson Lane, Lea (Asset 22) and the Lancaster Canal (Asset 39) Non-significant for all other buildings	Moderate adverse significance effects on Grade II listed Quaker's Bridge, (No.19), Darkinson Lane, Lea (Asset 22) and the Lancaster Canal (Asset 39) Non-significant for all other		Photographic survey Historic England Level 1	Pre- Construction.	Moderate adverse significant effects - Quaker's Bridge, (No.19), Darkinson Lane, Lea (Asset 22) and the Lancaster Canal (Asset 39). Non-significant for all other buildings.

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant I	mpacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
	Historic Landscape	No significant impact	No significant impact		No mitigation required		
Air Quality	Dust	No significant impact		With the construction management measures applied, as specified in the CoCP, the likely effect of dust emissions on human health and compliance with the AQOs and amenity during construction, would have no significant impact.	Good practice mitigation to control dust emissions would be agreed through the CEMP.	Detailed design / Construction.	No significant residual dust effects
	Air Quality	No significant impact	No significant impact	With the construction management measures applied, as specified in the code of construction practice (CoCP), the likely effect of dust emissions on human health and compliance with the Air Quality Objectives (AQOs) and amenity during construction, would have no significant impact.	No specific mitigation required	Detailed design / Construction.	No significant residual air quality effects
	Human Health	No significant impact	No significant impact		Good practice mitigation would be agreed through the CEMP.	Detailed design / Construction	None
Noise	Noise (nighttime)	No significant effect	Short Term Residential Receptors- Negligible adverse impact at 161 properties No Change at 332 properties Minor beneficial impact at 33 properties Negligible beneficial impact at 548	It is considered unlikely that the total number of days with a moderate or major impact would exceed ten or more nights in any 15 consecutive nights during construction. No noise sensitive receptors are predicted to experience significant adverse effects as a result of operation of the Scheme.	Where works during such periods are required, the appointed contractor should liaise with the Planning Authority to agree working practices, and where relevant, noise limits. It would be anticipated that the appointed contractor would need to demonstrate that there is no alternative to night-time working, that best practice measure would be applied to the required works and any potential significant mitigated as much as reasonably practicable.	Construction	Long Term Residential Receptors- Minor adverse impact at 4 properties Negligible adverse impact at 989 properties No Change at 13 properties Negligible beneficial impact at 72 properties Public Rights of Way No long-term significant effects

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
	Noise (Daytime)	Sample Residential Receptors- Construction activities	properties Short Term Residential Receptors-	No noise sensitive receptors are predicted to experience significant adverse effects as a	All construction work would be undertaken in accordance with the best guidance measures set out in RS 5228.1 and RS 5228.2. Those	Detailed design / Construction	Long Term Residential Receptors- Minor adverse impact at 2
		are considered to result in a significant effect.at Quaker Lodge, Leyland Bridge Barn, 1 Railway Cottages.	Negligible adverse impact at 257 properties No Change at 69 properties Minor beneficial impact at 62 properties Negligible beneficial impact at 686 properties Public Rights of Way No short-term significant effects	result of operation of the Scheme.	BS 5228-1 and BS 5228-2. These mitigation measures would be set out within the CEMP. No significant adverse operational noise effects have been identified and, therefore, no essential mitigation for operational noise is proposed		 Negligible adverse impact at 2 properties Negligible adverse impact at 991 properties No Change at 9 properties Negligible beneficial impact at 72 properties Public Rights of Way No long-term significant effects
			Operation Station Noise No significant impacts are likely to occur at 1 Railway Cottages and 4 The Shires Operation				
			Railway Noise 1 Railway Cottages would experience non- significant minor beneficial impact				

ES	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Impacts		Comments	Mitigation		
Discipline	Vibration Nuisance	No potential significant vibration effects		None of the moderate impacts predicted are considered to be significant adverse effects as the duration of the impact is likely to be less than 10 days in a 15-day period or 40 days in a six-month period.	The CEMP would provide details regarding the mitigation of vibration nuisance caused by construction.	Detaile design Constru	
Soils, Geology and Hydrogeolog y	Mineral Resources	No potential significant impacts	No potential significant impacts	No mineral resources identified within the study area.			
	Human Health	No significant adverse impacts	No significant adverse impacts	The ground investigation identified no significant sources of ground gas and as such the operational effect is considered to be negligible . The ground investigation data and analysis of soil samples has not identified pollutant linkages within the site or any exceedances of human health generic assessment criteria. Therefore, the construction effect is considered to be negligible .	Construction Environmental Management Plan Health and Safety Plan Environmental Clerk of Works (EnvCoW) present to provide advice about ecological and environmental issues during the construction of the Scheme.	Detailed design, Constru	
	Groundwater (Secondary Aquifers) Groundwater (Undifferentiat ed	No significant impact Moderate adverse impact - Glacial till Secondary	No significant impact No significant impact		NA Piling risk assessments would be undertaken in line with	Detaile design, Constru	
	ed Aquifer)	(undifferentiated) aquifer			Environment Agency guidance A de-watering risk passement would be undertaken A site walkover by the Contractor should be undertaken to determine	Constr	

	Predicted Residual Impacts
ed n / truction	No predicted residual impacts
ed n, / truction.	None
	None
ed n, / truction.	No residual significant effects

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Impacts		Comments	Mitigation	
	Soil Quality	Moderate to Large significant adverse impact on Grade 3 ALC through 	No significant impact	Permanent sealing of soils Temporary loss of resource and/or access Previously reusable soils rendered unsuitable for reuse through excavation, stripping, storage and/or compaction	 the nature of the groundwater features identified to determine groundwater dependency. A hydrogeological risk assessment to be undertaken to determine whether any further additional mitigation is required. Local diversions of surface water flow paths sourced from groundwater may also be implemented. During construction, the adoption of good soil management practices in accordance with the Construction Code of Practice for the Sustainable Use of Soils on Construction Sites (Defra, 2018) A Materials Management Plan and Soils Management Plan will be produced. 	Detaile desigr Const

Predicted Residual Impacts
N/A

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Im	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
Water Environment	Water Quality and Water Resources	Moderate to Large significant adverse impact on Lancaster Canal	No significant impact	As Lady Head Runnel only receives discharges from a traffic free catchment, and Savick Brook and Lancaster Canal do not receive any direct discharges, the impact during operation is negligible.	Implementation of SuDs including retention pond, filter catch pits, oversized pipes and attenuation tank. Routine maintenance of drainage systems. Replacement planting around outfall structures proposed landscape mitigation measures are shown in the Environmental Masterplan (Appendix 18.1). Banks should be re-graded to replicate existing bank conditions, where practicable. In relation to culvert extension/replacements efforts would be made to maintain natural channel width and bed gradient through the culvert where possible. Culverts would be designed using appropriate CIRIA guidance. These would be agreed with the required statutory consultees. In relation to new and extended culverts an operational management and maintenance plan would be developed. No mitigation is required	Detailed design / Construction	No residual impacts
	Kunon	Groundwater Flooding	on Groundwater Flooding	associated with the construction phase works would be negligible. The overall magnitude of impact on Flood Risk from the effects associated with the operational phase works would			

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Im	npacts	Comments	Mitigation
	Groundwater	PilingModerate significantadverse impacts onGlacial till Secondary(undifferentiated)aquiferSlight non-significantadverse impacts onSherwood SandstoneGroup Principalaquifer, Issue for LadyHead Runnel,Historical wells (outsideStudy Area), LancasterCanal, Lady HeadRunnel and centralwatercourse WesternWatercourse andSavick BrookNeutral non-significantadverse impacts onSPZ3	Piling Slight non- significant adverse impacts on Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Sherwood Sandstone Group Principal aquifer, Issue for Lady Head Runnel, Slink north of railway line, Lancaster Canal, Lady Head Runnel and central watercourse Western Watercourse and Savick Brook		Piling risk assessments would be undertaken in line with Environment Agency guidanceDeta desig ConsA de-watering risk assessment would be undertakenA de-watering risk assessment would be undertakenA site walkover by the Contractor should be undertaken to determine the nature of the groundwater features identified to determine groundwater dependency.A hydrogeological risk assessment to be undertaken to determine whether any further additional mitigation is required.Local diversions of surface water flow paths sourced from groundwater may also be implemented.
		Excavation of attenuation pond and underground tank Moderate significant adverse impacts on Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquiferExcavation of cutting for road at bridge. Moderate significant adverse impacts on Issue for Lady Head RunnelSlight non-significant adverse impacts on Issue for Central WatercourseCulvert Extension Moderate significant	Permanent drainage for attenuation pond and tank Slight non- significant adverse impacts on Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Issue for Lady Head Runnel. Slink north of railway line, Lancaster Canal, Lady Head Runnel and Central Watercourse		

	Predicted Residual
	Impacts
led	No residual significant
n/	impacts on groundwater
truction	

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Im	npacts	Comments	Mitigation	
ES Discipline	Sub discipline	adverse impacts on Issue for Slink north of railway line, Lancaster Canal, Lady Head Runnel and Central Watercourse Slight non-significant adverse impacts on Historical walls (outside study area) <u>Embankments</u> Slight non-significant adverse impacts on Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Issue for Lady Head Runnel, Issue for Central Watercourse, Sink north of railway line, Historical wells (outside Study Area), Lancaster Canal, Lady Head Runnel and central watercourse, Western Watercourse and Savick Brook <u>Temporary Working</u> <u>Areas</u> Very Large significant adverse impact on Issue for Lady Head Runnel Moderate significant	Permanent Embankments Slight non- significant adverse impacts on Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Issue for Lady Head Runnel, Sink north of railway line, Lancaster Canal, Lady Head Runnel and central watercourse, Western Watercourse and Savick Brook Accidental spillages Slight non- significant adverse impacts for Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Sherwood Sandstone Group Principal aquifer, Issue for Lady Head	Comments	Mitigation	
		Moderate significant impact on Sink north of railway line	for Lady Head Runnel, Sink north of railway line, Lancaster			
		Slight non-significant adverse impacts for Glacial till Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, Issue for Central Watercourse, Historical wells (outside Study Area), Lancaster	Canal, Lady Head Runnel and central watercourse, Western Watercourse and Savick Brook			

Predicted Impacts	Residual	
Impacts		

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
		Canal, Lady Head Runnel and central watercourse and Western Watercourse and Savick Brook					
Traffic and Transport	Private Property and Housing	No significant effect	No significant effect		Phase traffic management on Lea Road during construction	Detailed design / Construction	No significant residual impacts
	Traffic Flows	 Moderate adverse impact on pedestrians and cyclists during construction Slight adverse impact on public transport during construction Negligible adverse impact upon the capacity, safety or operation of the surrounding highway network 	Large benefit on public transport during operation Slight adverse impact on public transport on pedestrians and cyclists during operation Negligible adverse impact upon the capacity, safety or operation of the surrounding highway network		No mitigation required		
Land use and accessibility	Community Land and Assets	No significant effect	No significant effect		Replace trees on the northeast boundary of the golf course. Proposed landscape mitigation measures are shown in the Environmental Masterplan (Appendix 18.1). Phase traffic management on Lea Road during construction	Detailed design / Construction	
	Development Land and Businesses	Moderate to Large significant adverse impact on Rowland Homes, Lea Road. No permanent or temporary loss of land, disruption to the	No significant effect			Detailed design	

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation	
Discipline		highways network on Lea Road.				
		Neutral to Slight non - significant adverse impact on Northern Dairy Equipment, Lea Road. No permanent or temporary loss of land, disruption to highways network in the vicinity of the Scheme.				
		Neutral to Slight non - significant adverse impact on Brylea Caravan Park, Lea Lane. No permanent or temporary loss of land, disruption to highways network in the vicinity of the Scheme.				
		Neutral to Slight non - significant adverse impact on Chamley Fields Rural Business Park, Mason Fold Farm, Lea Lane. No permanent or temporary loss of land, disruption to highways network in the vicinity of the Scheme.				
	Agricultural Land Holdings	No significant effect	No significant effect		Construction of cattle creeps an new field accesses Maintaining field accesses	d Detaile design Constru
	Walkers, Cyclists and Horse-riders (WCH)	No significant effect	Moderate to Large significant beneficial improvements to the Highways Network on Sidgreaves Lane, Road,		The provision of the Scheme linking Cottam Link Road to improve connectivity to the activ transport network Diversion of paths and cycle rou during construction would be implemented using the CEMP	

	Predicted Residual Impacts
ailed ign /	
nstruction	
ailed ign /	
ign / nstruction	

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant In	npacts	Comments	Mitigation	
Discipline			Lea Road and construction of new roundabout on Cottam Link Road Slight non- significant beneficial impact PRoWs Slight non-			
			significant beneficial Cycle routes Neutral non- significant The Millennium Ribble Link/Savick Brook and the Public Rights of Way			
Human Health	Air quality	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Further details available in ES discipline Air Quality		
	Noise	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Further details available in ES discipline Noise		
	Flood risk	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Further details available in ES discipline Water Environment		

Predicted Residual Impacts

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Impacts		Comments	Mitigation		Predicted Residual Impacts
	Walking and Cycling	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Major significant beneficial impact with mitigation	Further details available in ES discipline Land Use and Accessibility			
	Minimising car use	NA	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Further details available in ES discipline Traffic and Transport			
	Safety	NA	Negligible non- significant adverse impact	Potential collisions as a result of increased vehicle traffic to and from the railway station Potential slips trips and falls in the railway station and car park Station and train fires Station crime	 Vehicle speed limits in carparks Segregated footway and cycle tracks Safe crossing points fitted with tactile paving for visually impaired and comfortable gradients Public footways gritted during cold weather to limit the potential for slips trips and falls Dry risers for firefighting support Smoke detectors, fire resistant internal doors, 2m fire barrier Closed circuit television and outdoor lighting to deter crime 	Detailed design	No significant residual impacts
	Employment	NA	Medium significant beneficial impact	The railway station would improve employment opportunities indirectly. The improved connectivity would allow local residents without vehicles to commute to work.	No mitigation required	NA	No significant residual impacts

ES Discipline	Sub discipline	Potential Significant Impacts		Comments	Mitigation		
Climate change	Climate resilience	No significant impact	No significant impact	Short-term effects from the construction of the Scheme are not likely to be significant. This is due to the mitigation that would be implemented, the nature of the construction activities and the dates of the construction period.	Dangers of working in more extreme weather conditions to be within the Construction Environmental Management Plan Use of construction materials with superior properties Consideration of climate change projections to be within maintenance plans Drainage systems design to protect against a return period of 1- in-100 years flood event Procedures would be identified in the Construction Environmental Management Plan for severe weather events Regular maintenance of assets	Detaile	
	Greenhouse Gas Emission Assessment	No significant impact	No significant impact	The GHG emissions caused during the construction and operation of the Scheme are not significant when viewed against the UK carbon budget 2028 – 2032 and carbon budget for 2033 - 2037.	NA	NA	

	Predicted Residual Impacts
led n	No significant residual impacts
	No significant residual impacts