Geology 1:10,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Holocene - Holocene
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	LSGR	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Holocene - Holocene

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Flandrian - Pleistocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	CLAY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, SILTY [UNLITHIFIED DEPOSITS CODING SCHEME]	Devensian - Ipswichian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	SAND, GRAVEL AND SILT	Devensian - Ipswichian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	SIM	Sidmouth Mudstone Formation	Mudstone and Halitestone	Carnian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Ladinian - Late Permian

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Geology 1:10,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:10,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around a site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page.

Please Note: Not all of the layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: SD52SW Map Name: Map Date: 2007 Bedrock Geology: Available Superficial Geology: Available Artificial Geology: Available Landslip: **Rock Segments:**

Faults:

Map ID: Map Name: Map Date: 2007 Bedrock Geology: Superficial Geology: Artificial Geology: Landslip: **Rock Segments:**

Not Supplied Not Available Not Supplied SD52SE Available Available Available Not Supplied Available Not Supplied

Map ID: Map Name: Map Date: Bedrock Geology: Superficial Geology: **Artificial Geology:** Faults: Landslip:

Rock Segments: Map ID: Map Name: Map Date: Bedrock Geology: Superficial Geology: **Artificial Geology:** Available Faults: Not Supplied Landslip: Available Rock Segments: Not Supplied

Available Not Supplied Available Not Supplied SD52NW 2007 Available Available

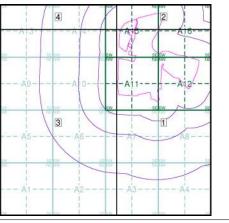
SD52NE

Available

Available

2006

Geology 1:10,000 Maps - Slice A





Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270

Slice:

61.13 Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 1000

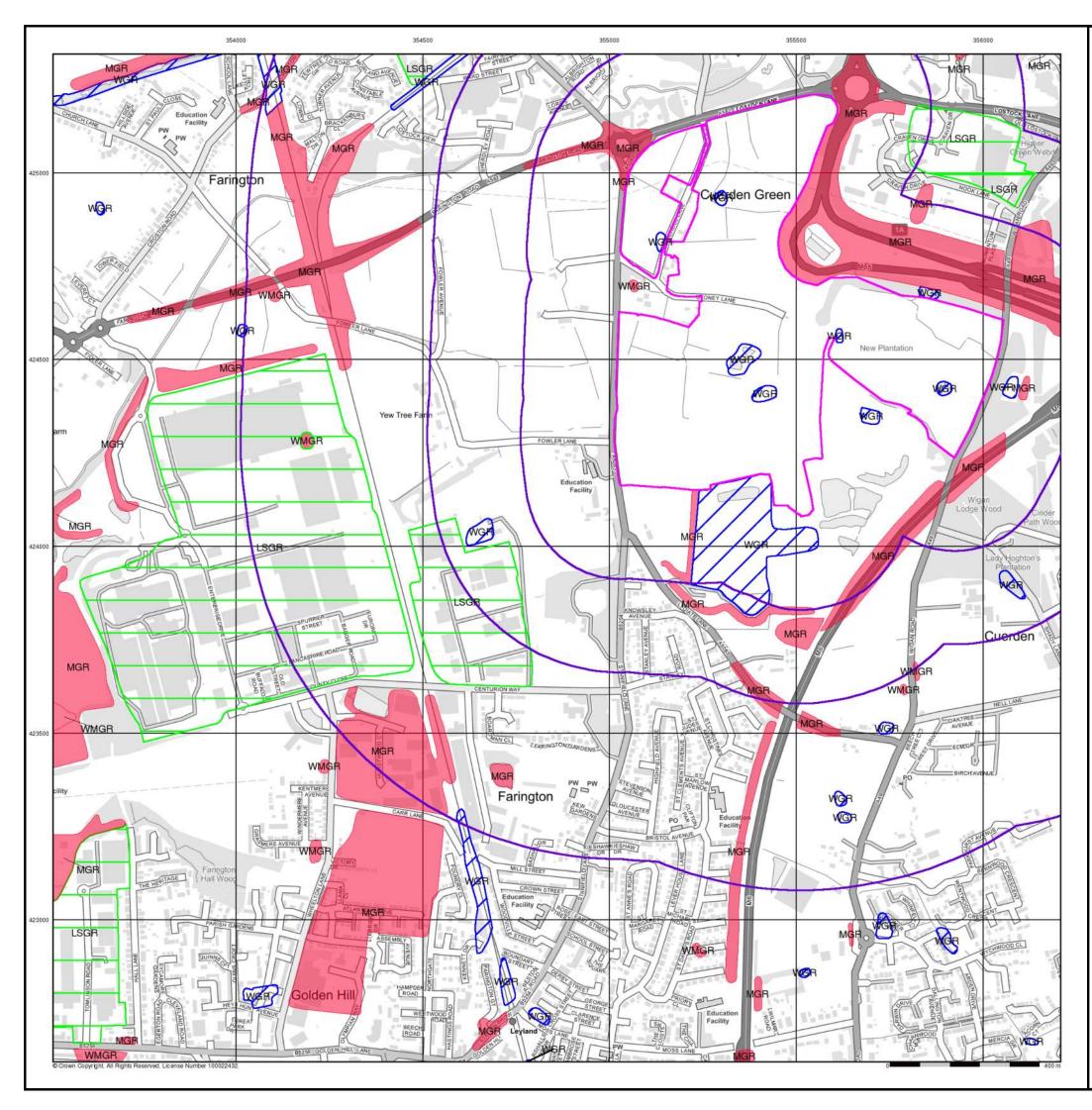
Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Artificial Ground and Landslip

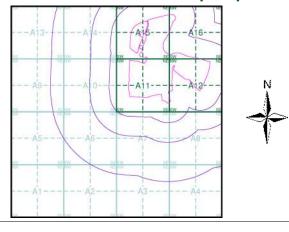
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270

Slice:

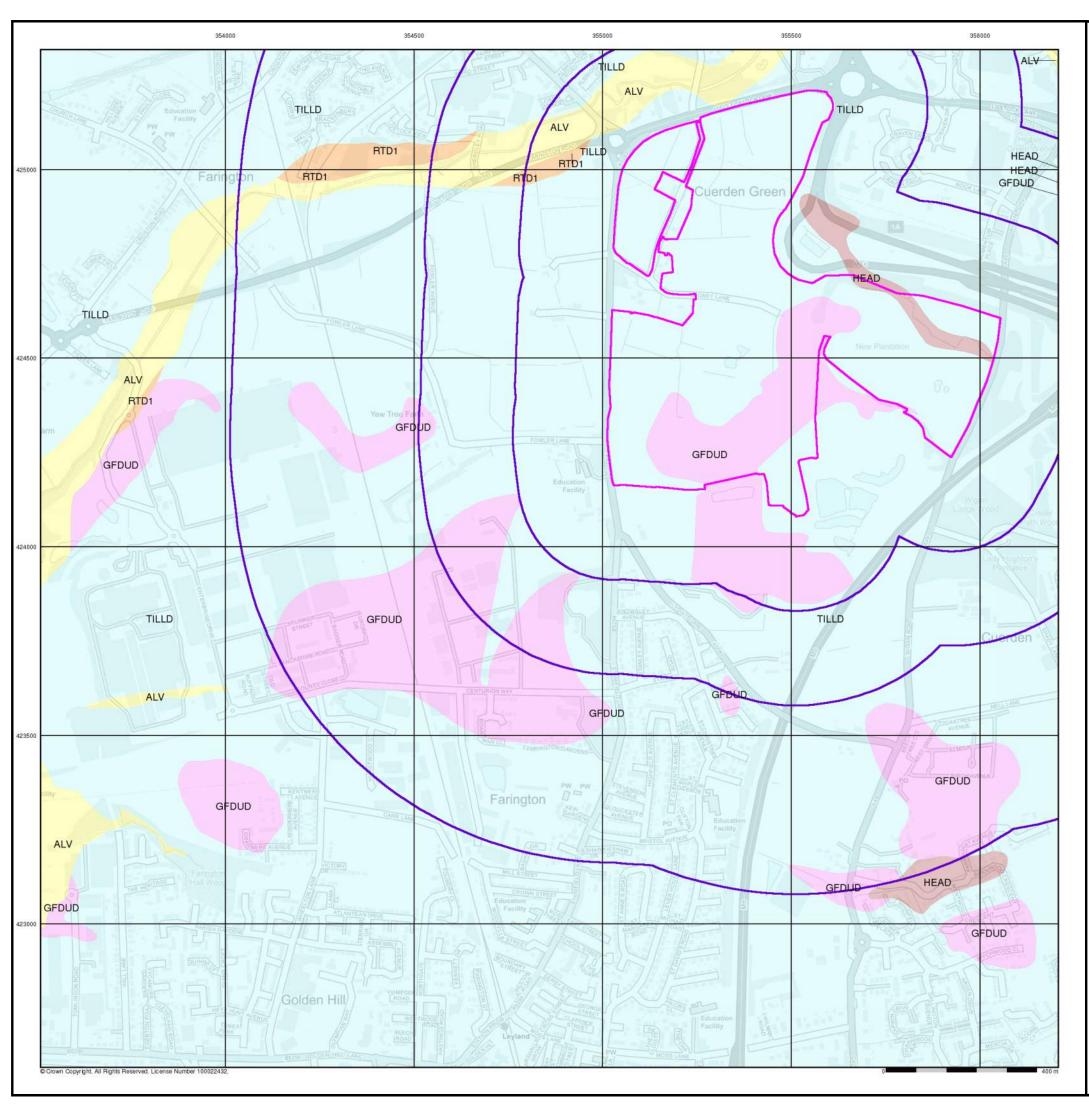
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark INFORMATION GROUP

l: 0844 844 9952 x: 0844 844 9951 eb: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

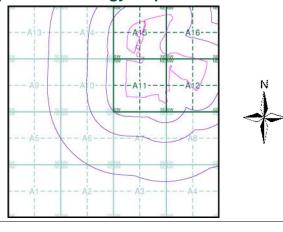
Superficial Geology

BGS 1:10,000 Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270

Slice:

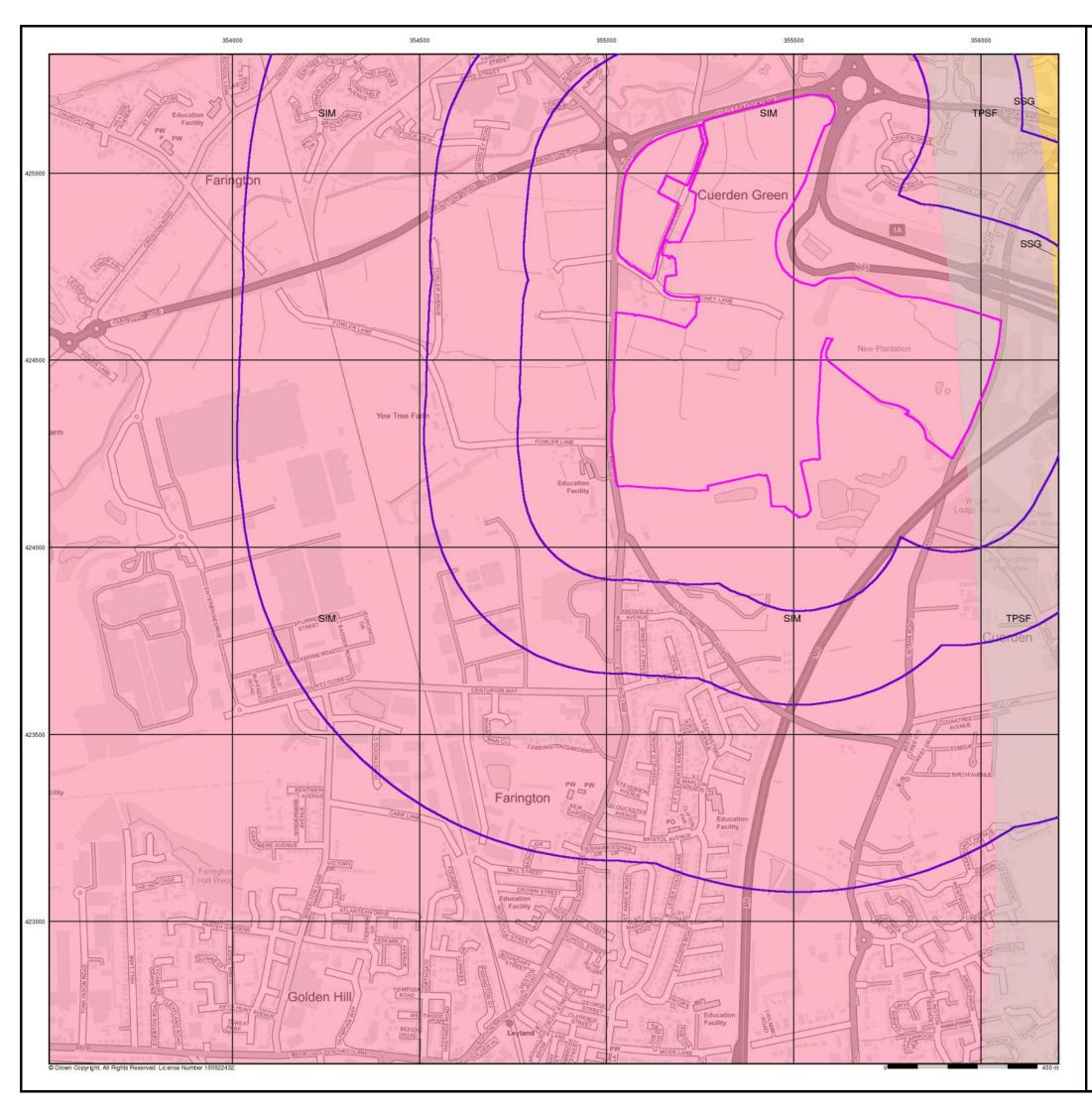
Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

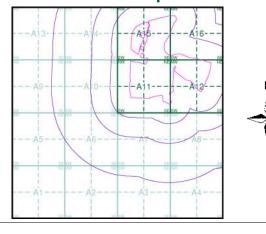
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults and thin beds mapped as lines such as coal seams and mineral veins. These are not restricted by age and could relate to features of any of the 1:10,000 geology datasets.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

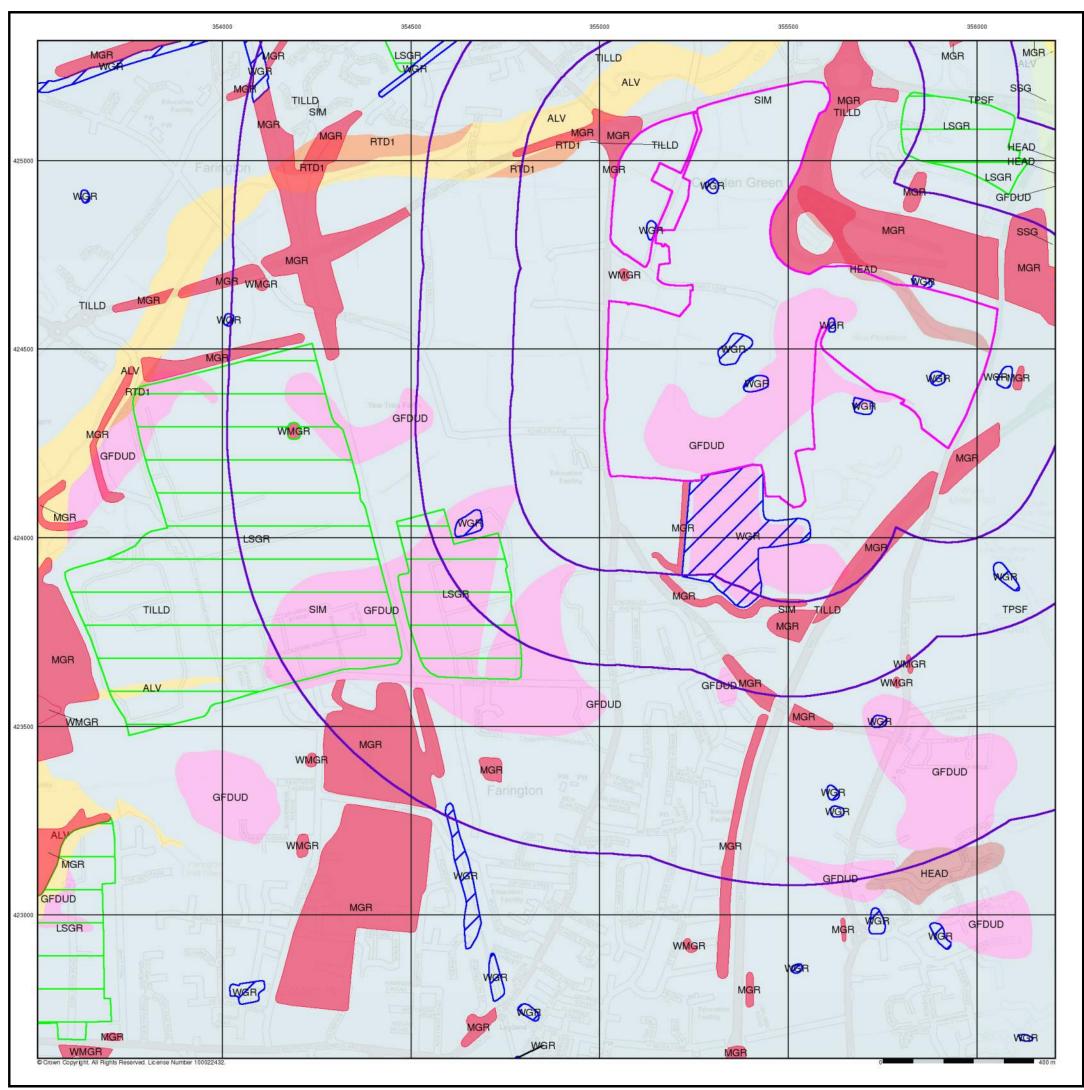
Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

INFORMATION GROUP

Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

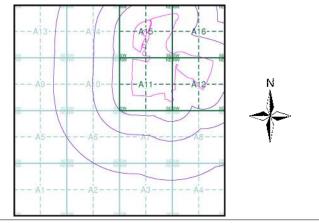
Additional Information

More information on 1:10,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m):

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Not Supplied - Holocene
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
17.17	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Holocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	Diamicton	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HMGDD	Hummocky (Moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	PEAT	Peat	Peat	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	SNM	Singleton Mudstone Member	Mudstone	Not Supplied - Early Triassic
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Not Supplied - GUADALUPIAN
		Faults		

Envirocheck[®]

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Geology 1:50,000 Maps

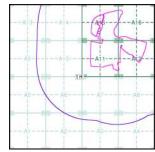
This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: Map Sheet No: Preston 2012 Map Name: Map Date: Available Superficial Geology Not Supplied Landslip: Available Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference:

355160, 424270 A 61.13 Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Details:

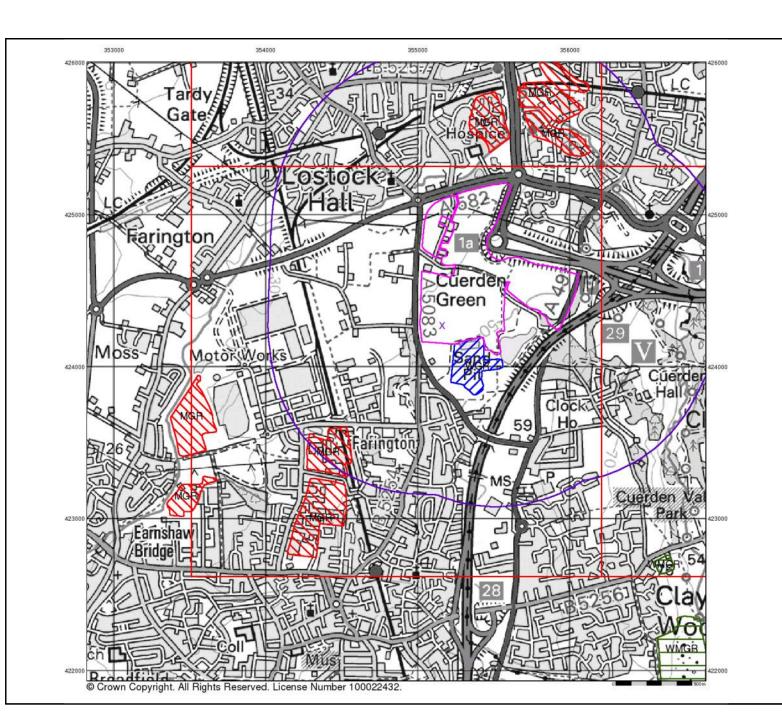
Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Artificial Ground and Landslip

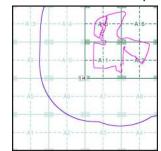
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
 Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface minera workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: 289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107 355160, 424270 A 61.13 1000

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

Site Details:

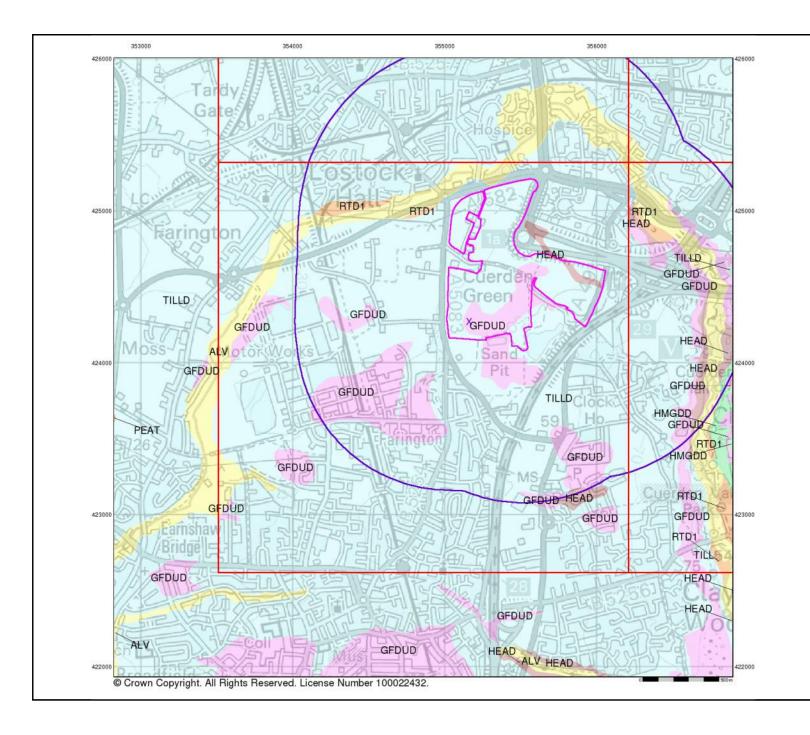
Site at 355440, 424740



Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 2 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

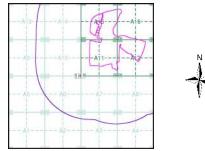
Superficial Geology

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice A



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: 289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355160, 424270 A 61.13 Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

1000

Site Details:

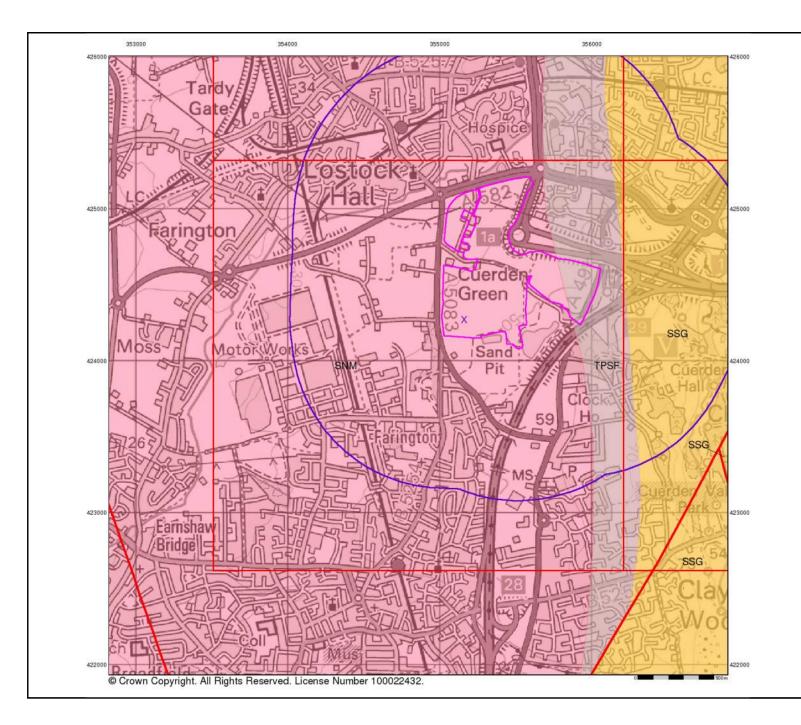
Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 3 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

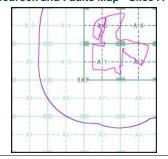
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha):

355160, 424270 A 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

Site Details:

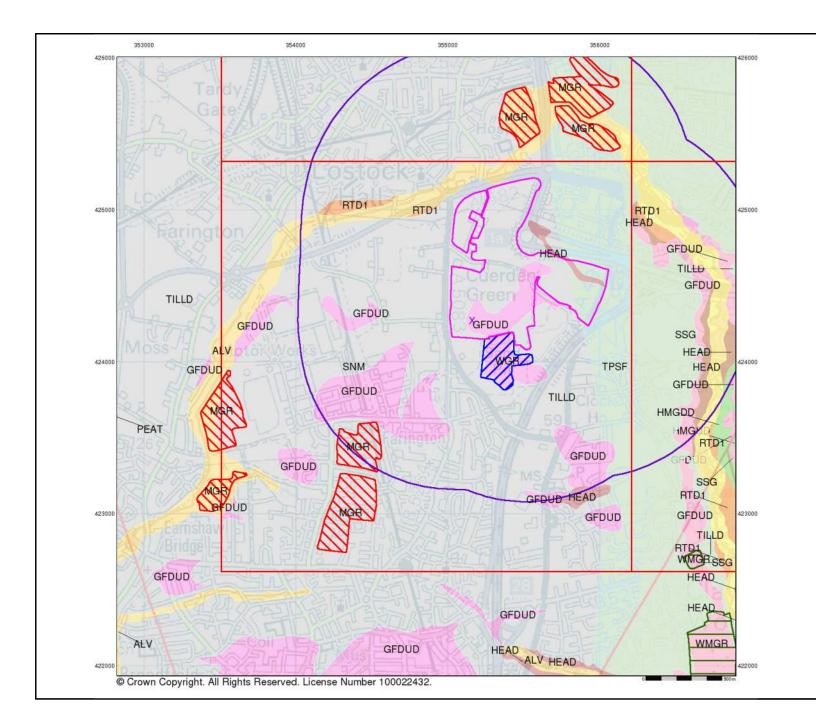
Site at 355440, 424740



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 4 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

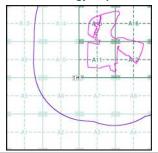
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

355160, 424270 A 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Details: Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 5 of 5

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Holocene - Holocene
	LSGR	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Holocene - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Quaternary - Quaternary

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	FLB	FLETCHER BANK GRIT	Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian
	Fault			

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Flandrian - Pleistocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	CLAY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, SILTY [UNLITHIFIED DEPOSITS CODING SCHEME]	Devensian - Ipswichian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	SAND, GRAVEL AND SILT	Devensian - Ipswichian
	HMGDD	Hummocky (Moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Devensian - Ipswichian
	GFSDD	GLACIOFLUVIAL SHEET DEPOSITS, DEVENSIAN	SAND, GRAVEL AND SILT	Devensian - Ipswichian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	ALF	Alluvial Fan Deposits	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	PEAT	Peat	Peat [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Ladinian - Late Permian
	MM	Manchester Marls Formation	Mudstone	Late Permian - Late Permian
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Geology 1:10,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:10,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around a site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

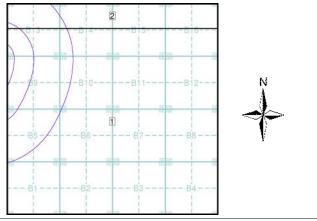
The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page.

Please Note: Not all of the layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: Map ID: Map Name: SD52NE Map Name: SD52SE Map Date: 2006 Map Date: 2007 Available Available Bedrock Geology: Bedrock Geology: Superficial Geology: Superficial Geology: Available Available Artificial Geology: Available Artificial Geology: Available Not Supplied Faults: Not Supplied Landslip: Available Landslip: Available **Rock Segments:** Not Supplied Rock Segments: Not Supplied

Geology 1:10,000 Maps - Slice B



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410

Slice:

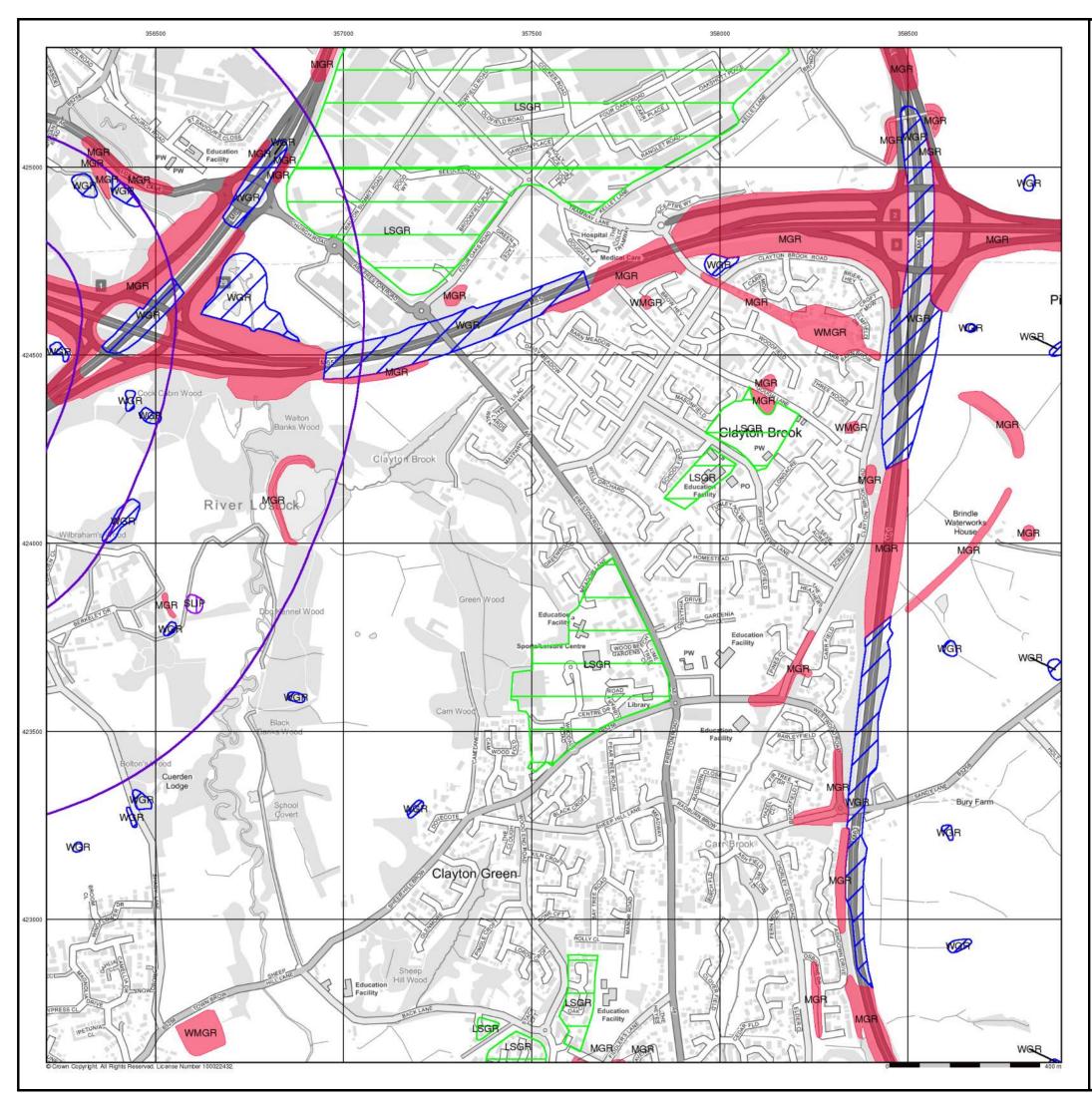
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Artificial Ground and Landslip

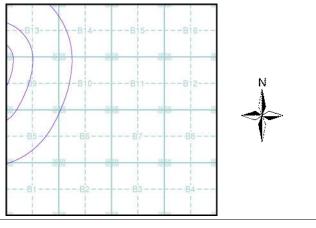
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice B



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410

Slice:

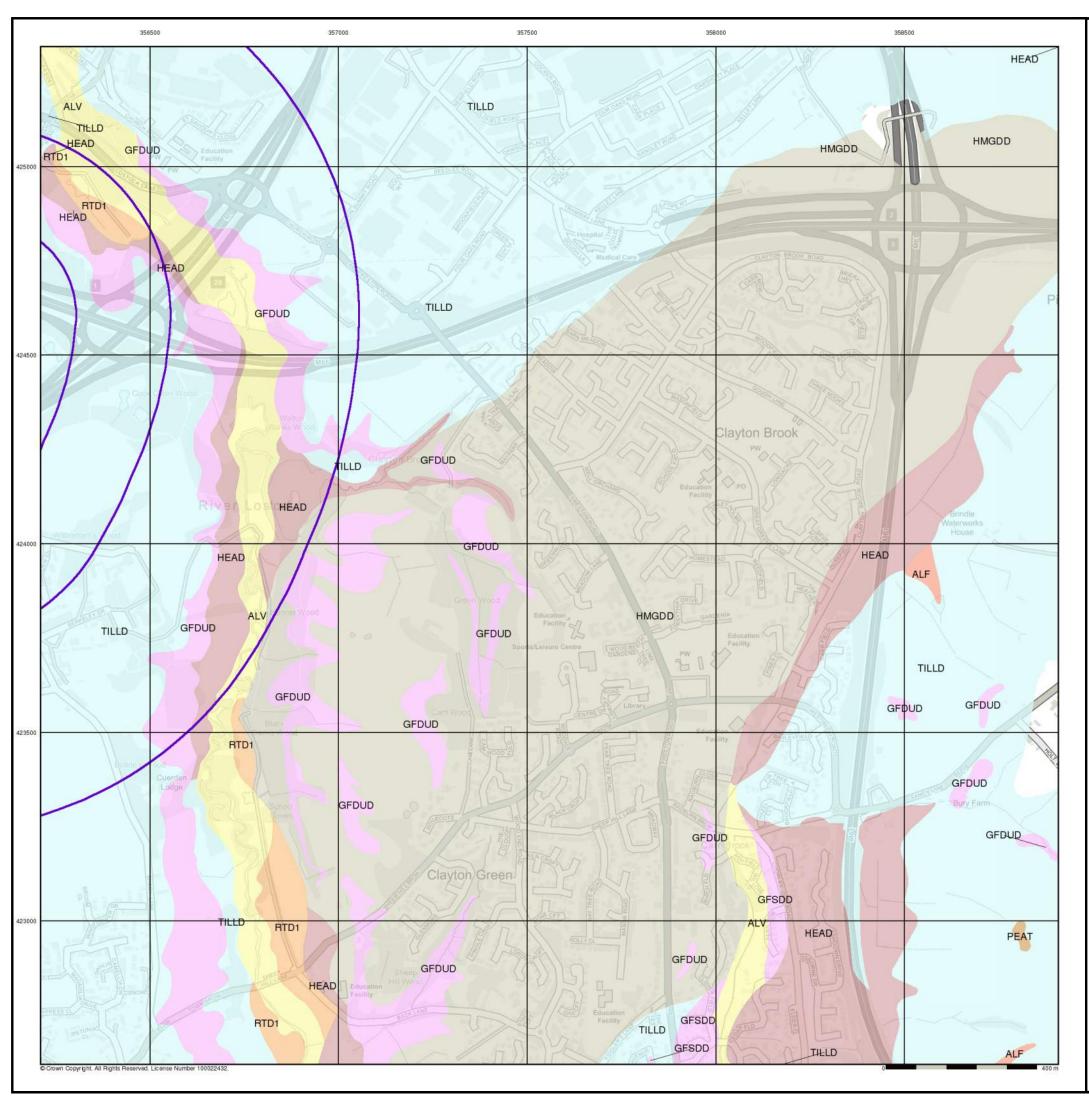
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark INFORMATION GROUP

Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

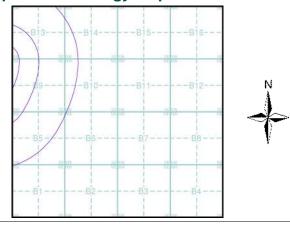
Superficial Geology

BGS 1:10,000 Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice B



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410

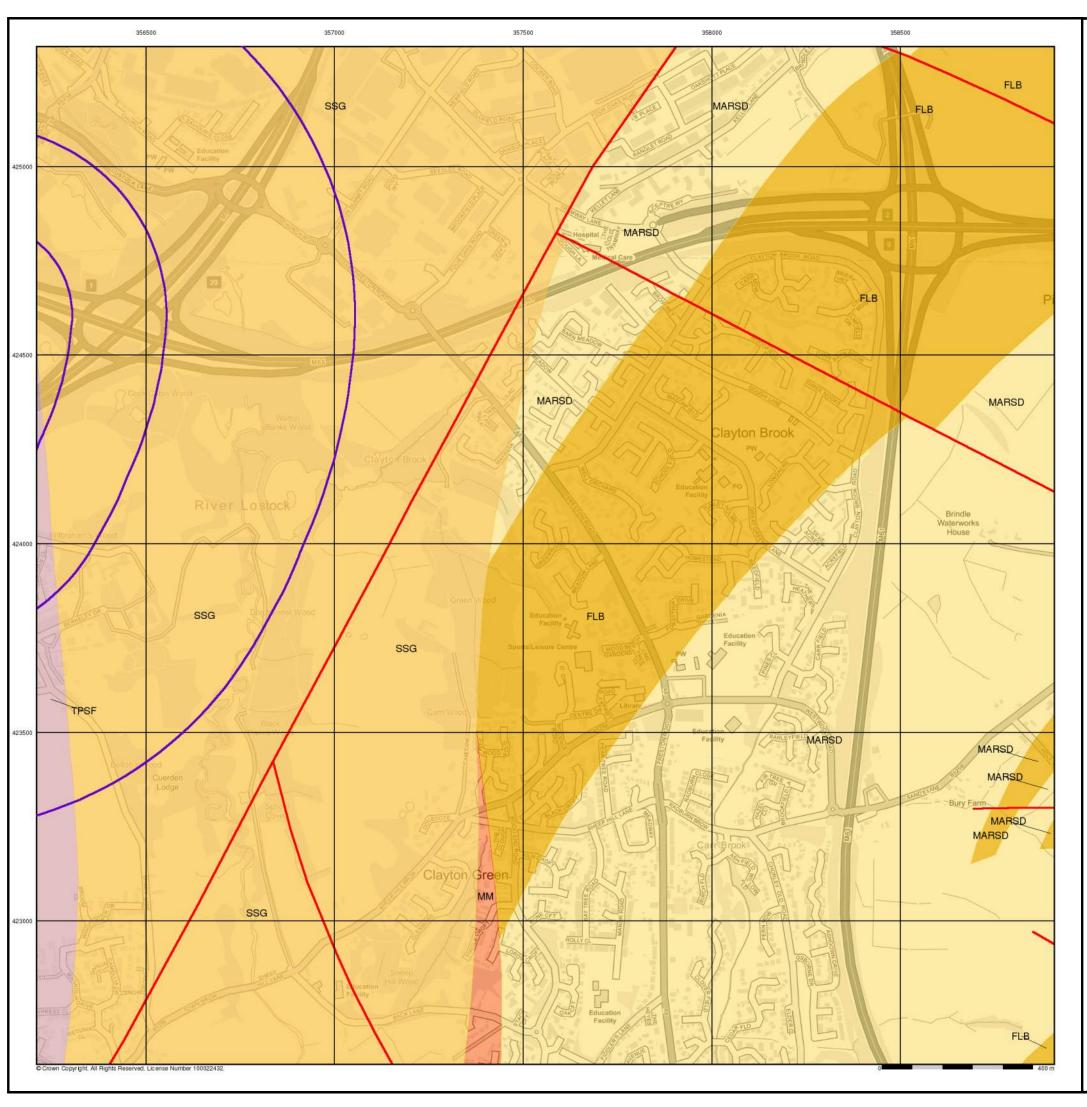
Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

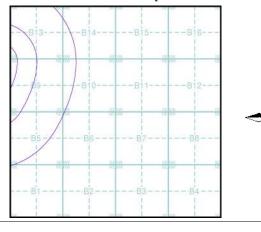
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults and thin beds mapped as lines such as coal seams and mineral veins. These are not restricted by age and could relate to features of any of the 1:10,000 geology datasets.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice B



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410

Slice:

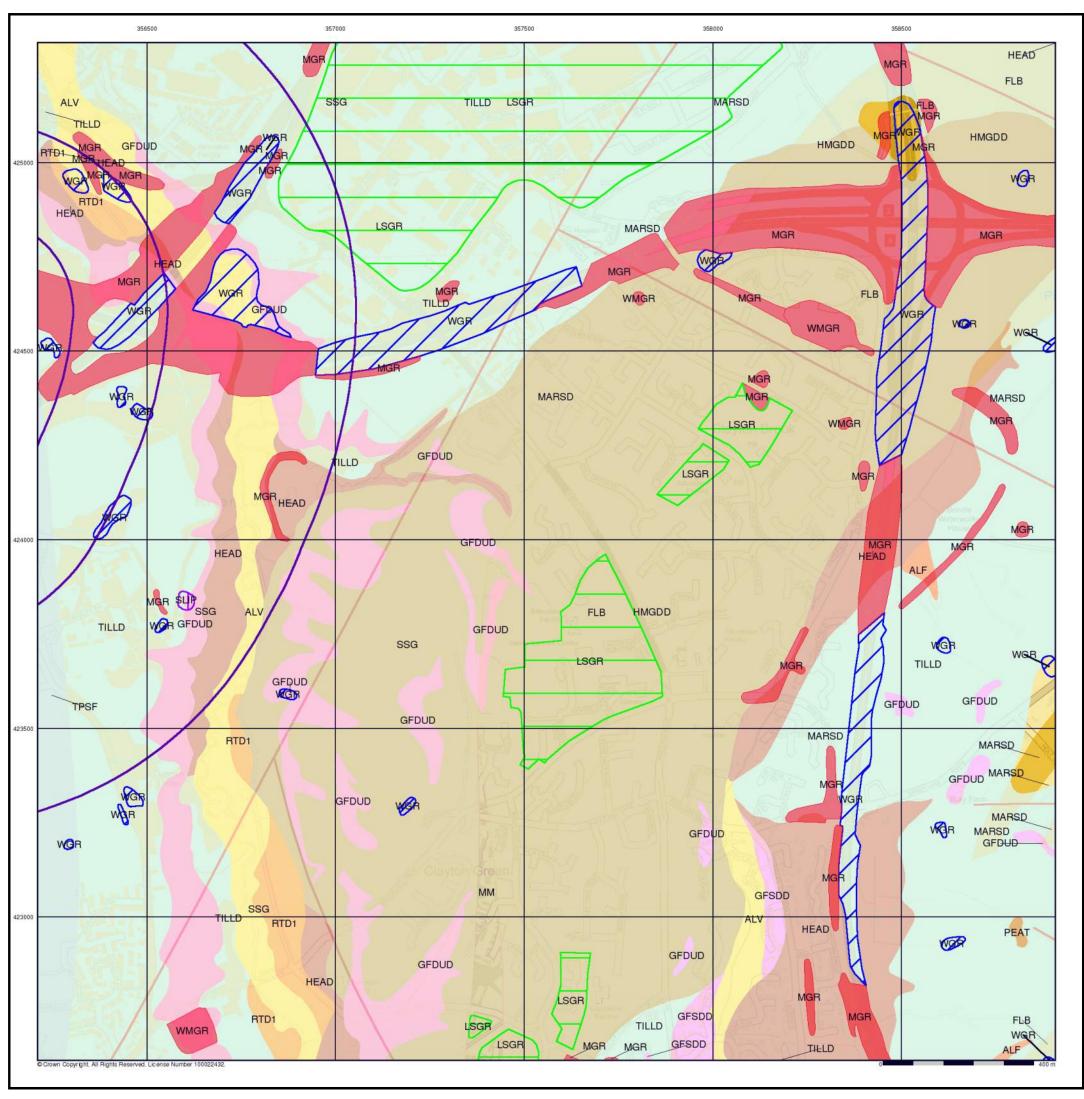
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark®

Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

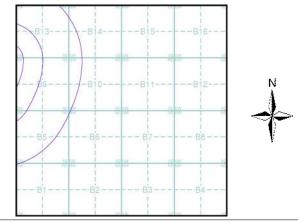
Additional Information

More information on 1:10,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice B



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 5 of 5

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Not Supplied - Holocene
\square	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassif ied Entry	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Holocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	Diamicton	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HMGDD	Hummocky (Moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFSDD	Glaciofluvial Sheet Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	SNM	Singleton Mudstone Member	Mudstone	Not Supplied - Early Triassic
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Not Supplied - GUADALUPIAN
	MM	Manchester Marls Formation	Mudstone	Not Supplied - GUADALUPIAN

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ROSSE	Rossendale Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	FLB	FLETCHER BANK GRIT	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	GSYG	Guiseley Grit	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	BBS	Brooksbottoms Grit	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
		Faults		

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Geology 1:50,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

 Map ID:
 1

 Map Sheet No:
 075

 Map Name:
 Preston

 Map Date:
 2012

 Bedrock Geology:
 Available

 Superficial Geology:
 Available

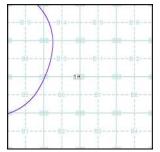
 Artificial Geology:
 Available

 Faults:
 Not Supplied

 Landslip:
 Available

 Rock Segments:
 Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice B



289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

356570, 424410



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha):

Slice: B Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

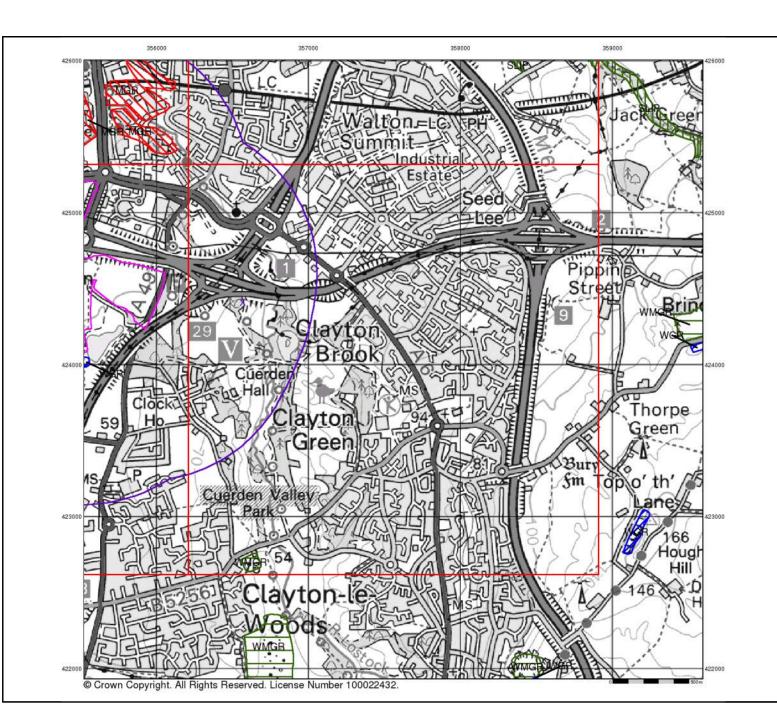
Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark®

el: 0844 844 9952 fax: 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Artificial Ground and Landslip

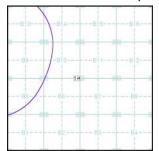
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
 Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface minera workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice B





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice:

356570, 424410 B 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Area (Ha): 61 Search Buffer (m): 10

Site Details:

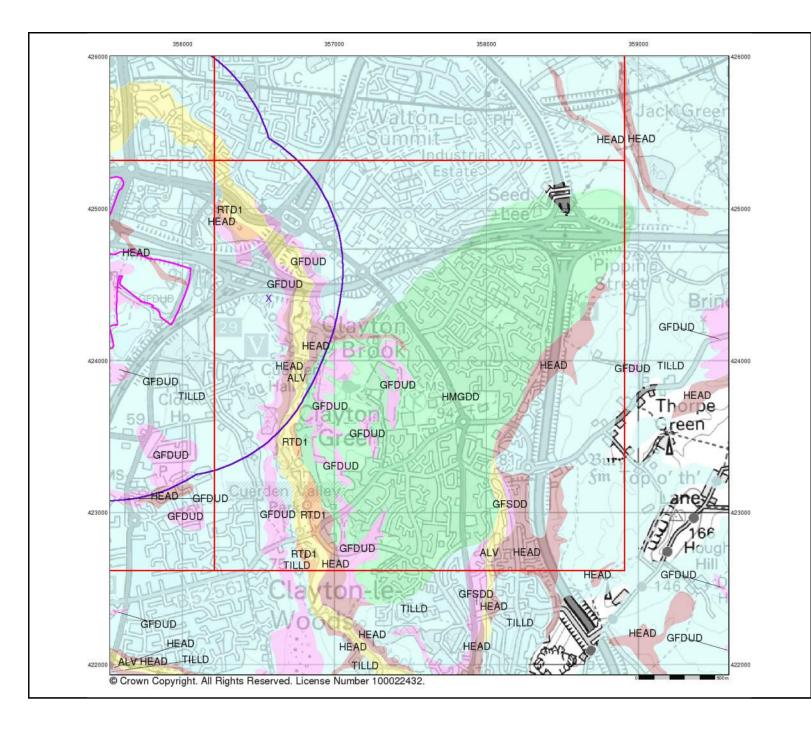
Site at 355440, 424740



Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 2 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

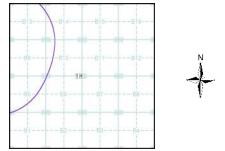
Superficial Geology

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice B



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: 289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356570, 424410 Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

B 61.13 1000

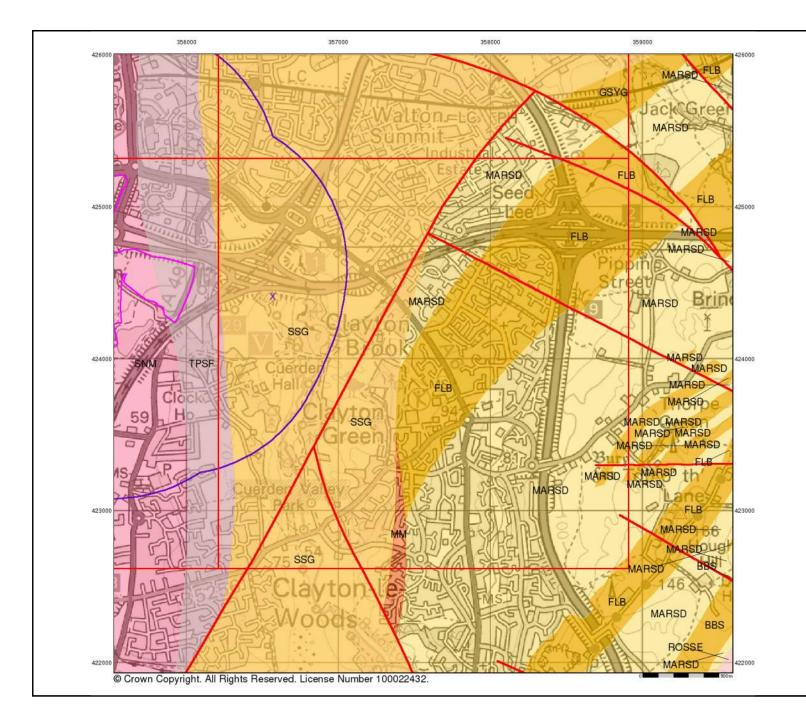
Site Details: Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 3 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

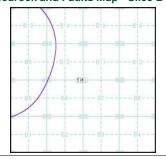
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or lader, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice B





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

B 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

356570, 424410

Site Details:

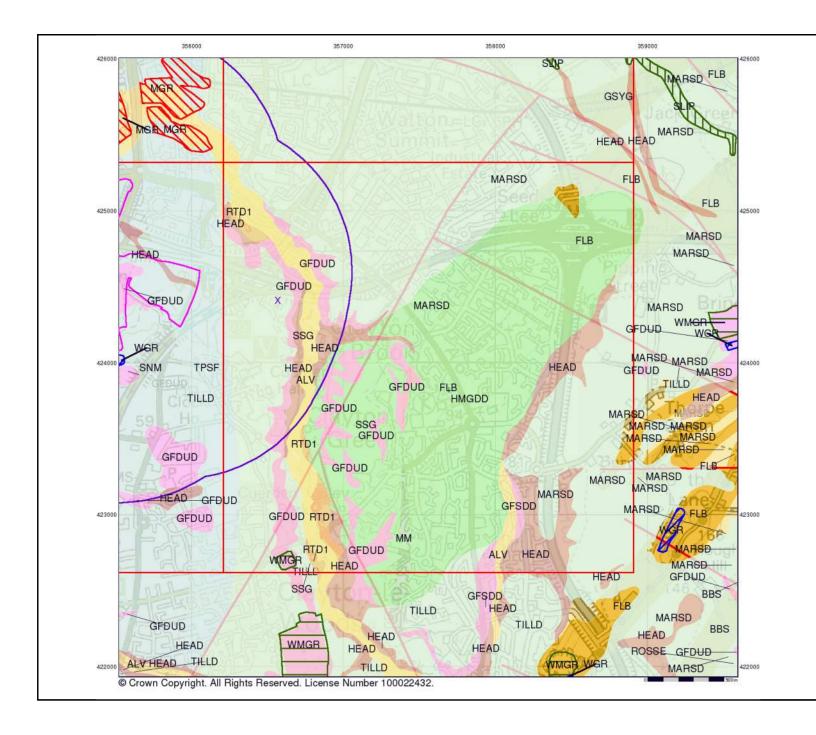
Site at 355440, 424740



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 4 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

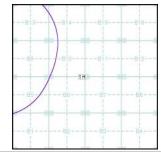
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice B



289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

356570, 424410



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice:

Slice: B Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details: Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 5 of 5

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Holocene - Holocene
	LSGR	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Holocene - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Quaternary - Quaternary

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Flandrian - Pleistocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	CLAY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, SILTY [UNLITHIFIED DEPOSITS CODING SCHEME]	Devensian - Ipswichian
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	CLAY, SANDY, SILTY [UNLITHIFIED DEPOSITS CODING SCHEME]	Devensian - Ipswichian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	ALF	Alluvial Fan Deposits	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	SIM	Sidmouth Mudstone Formation	Mudstone and Halitestone	Carnian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Ladinian - Late Permian
/	Fault			

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Geology 1:10,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:10,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around a site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

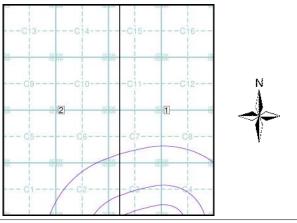
The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page.

Please Note: Not all of the layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: Map ID: Map Name: SD52NE SD52NW Map Name: Map Date: 2006 Map Date: 2007 Bedrock Geology: Available Bedrock Geology: Available Superficial Geology: Superficial Geology: Available Available Artificial Geology: Available Artificial Geology: Available Not Supplied Faults: Not Supplied Landslip: Available Landslip: Available **Rock Segments:** Not Supplied Rock Segments: Not Supplied

Geology 1:10,000 Maps - Slice C



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355290, 425700 Slice: С

Site Area (Ha):

61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

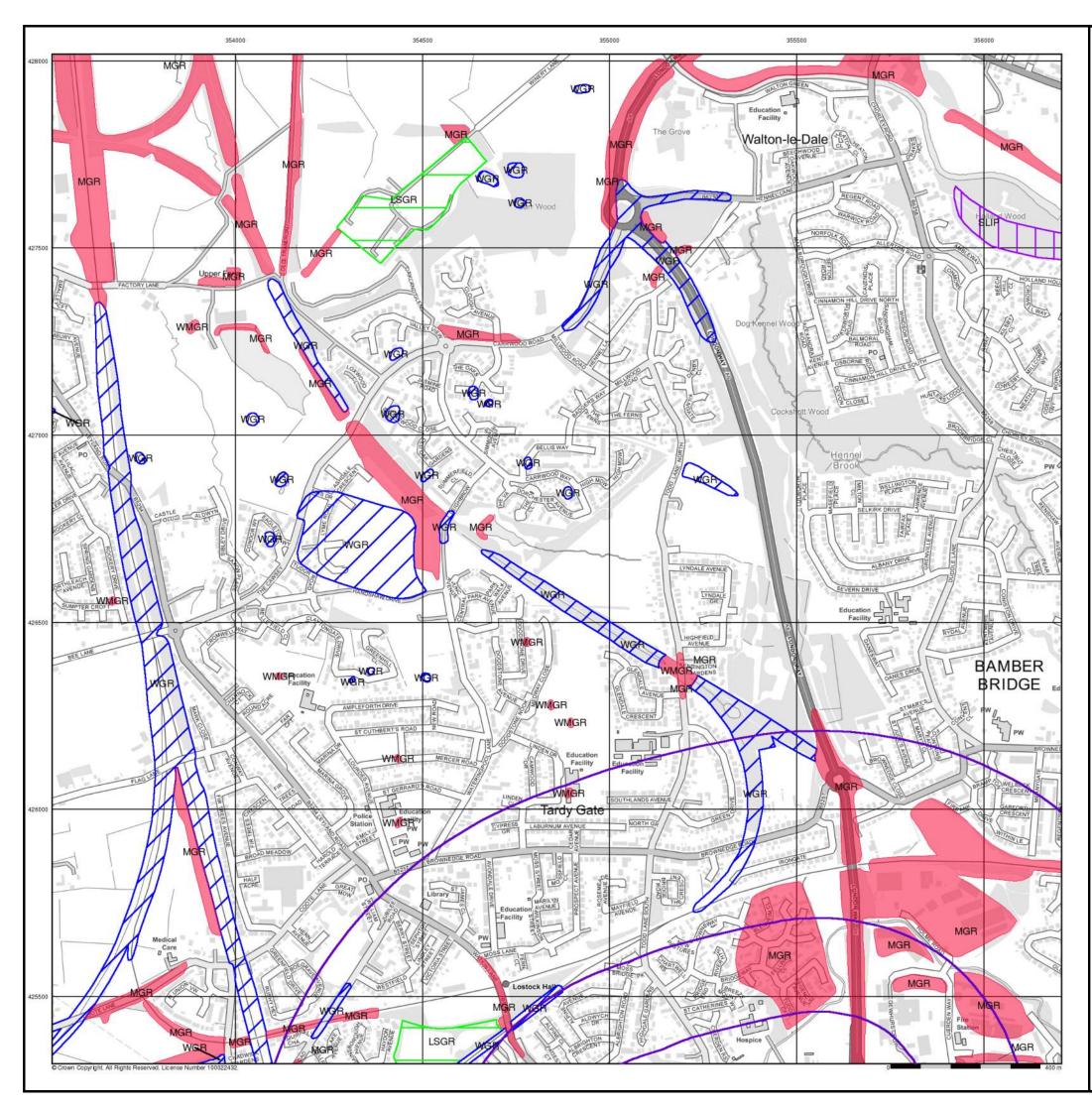
Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9952

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Artificial Ground and Landslip

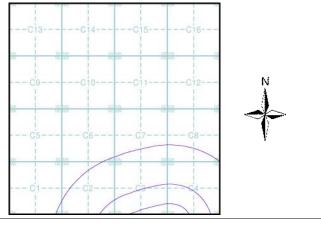
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice C



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355290, 425700

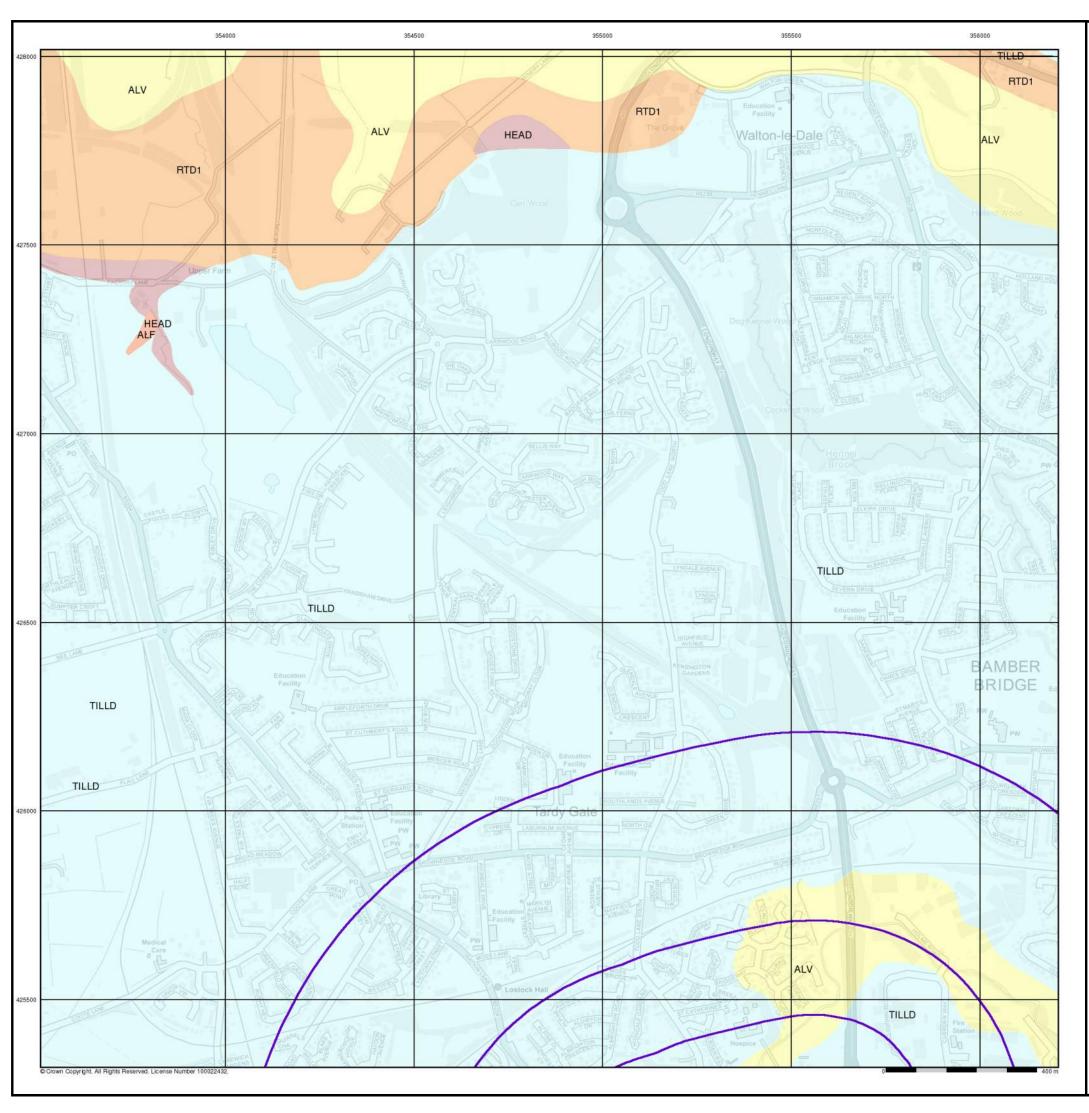
Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9952



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

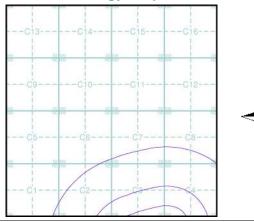
Superficial Geology

BGS 1:10,000 Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice C



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355290, 425700

Slice:

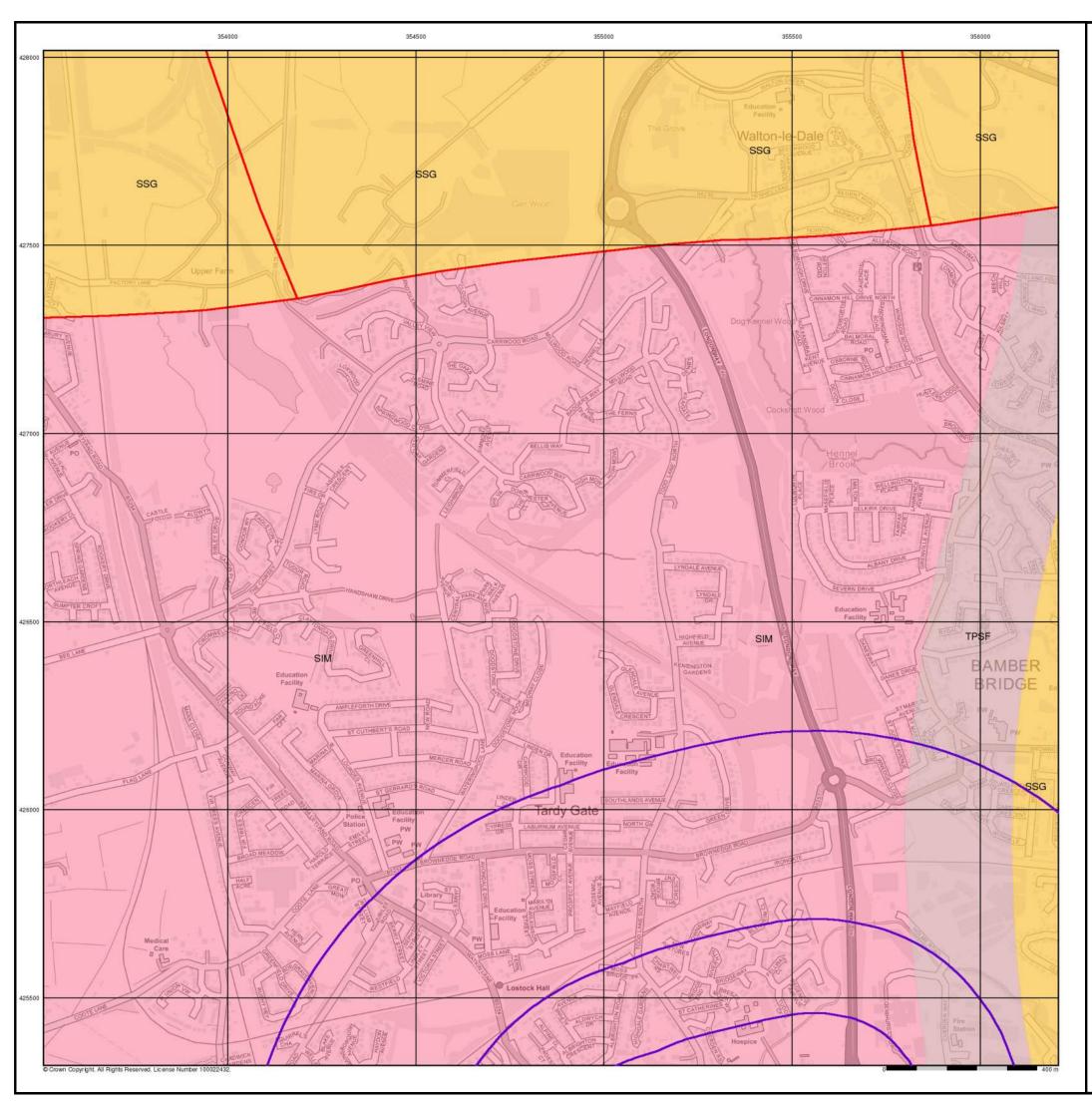
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark INFORMATION GROUP

el: 0844 844 9952 ax: 0844 844 9951 /eb: www.enviroched



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

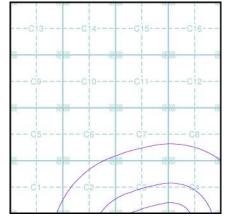
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults and thin beds mapped as lines such as coal seams and mineral veins. These are not restricted by age and could relate to features of any of the 1:10,000 geology datasets.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice C





Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355290, 425700

Slice:

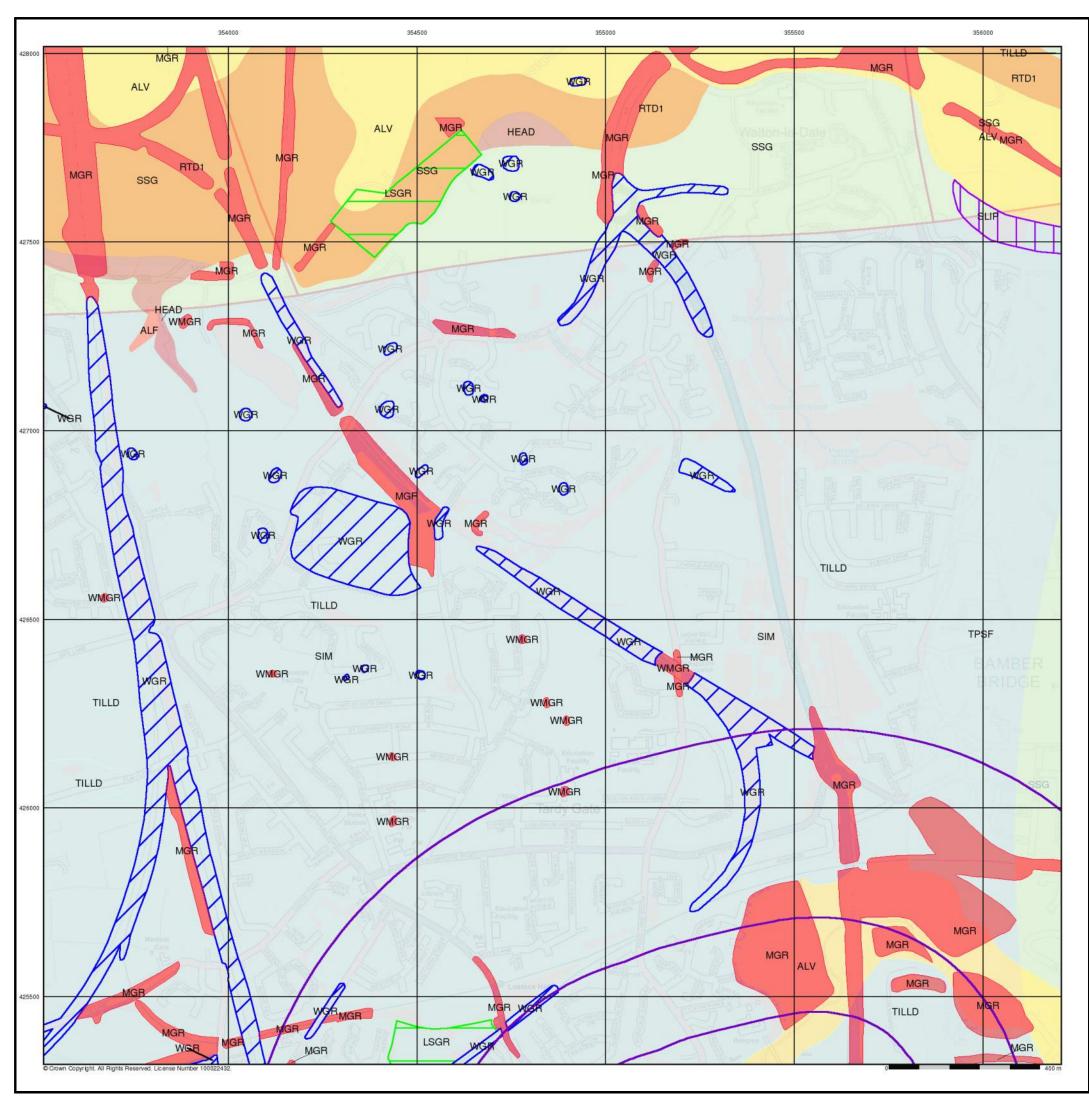
Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9952



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

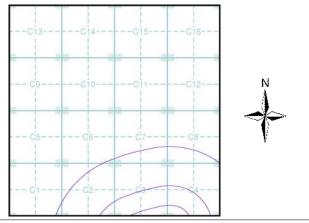
Additional Information

More information on 1:10,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice C



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 355290, 425700 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9952

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
7	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Not Supplied - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassif ied Entry	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
17.17	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Holocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	Diamicton	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HMGDD	Hummocky (Moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFSDD	Glaciofluvial Sheet Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD2	River Terrace Deposits, 2	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	SNM	Singleton Mudstone Member	Mudstone	Not Supplied - Early Triassic
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Not Supplied - GUADALUPIAN
		Faults		

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Geology 1:50,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

 Map ID:
 1

 Map Sheet No:
 075

 Map Name:
 Preston

 Map Date:
 2012

 Bedrock Geology:
 Available

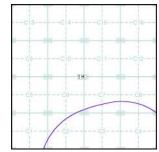
 Superficial Geology:
 Available

 Faults:
 Not Supplied

 Landslip:
 Available

 Rock Segments:
 Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice C





Order Details:

 Order Number:
 289775268_1_1

 Customer Reference:
 WIE11556-107

 National Grid Reference:
 355290, 425700

 Slice:
 C

 Site Area (Ha):
 61.13

Slice: C Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

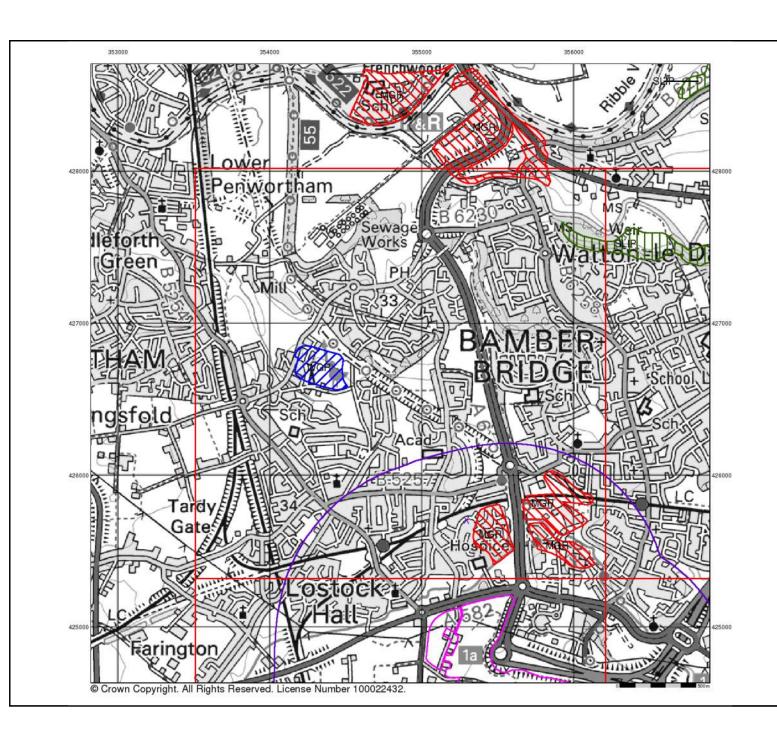
Site at 355440, 424740



Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Artificial Ground and Landslip

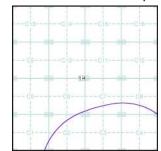
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
 Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such a quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice C





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice:

355290, 425700 C 61.13

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13 1000

Site Details:

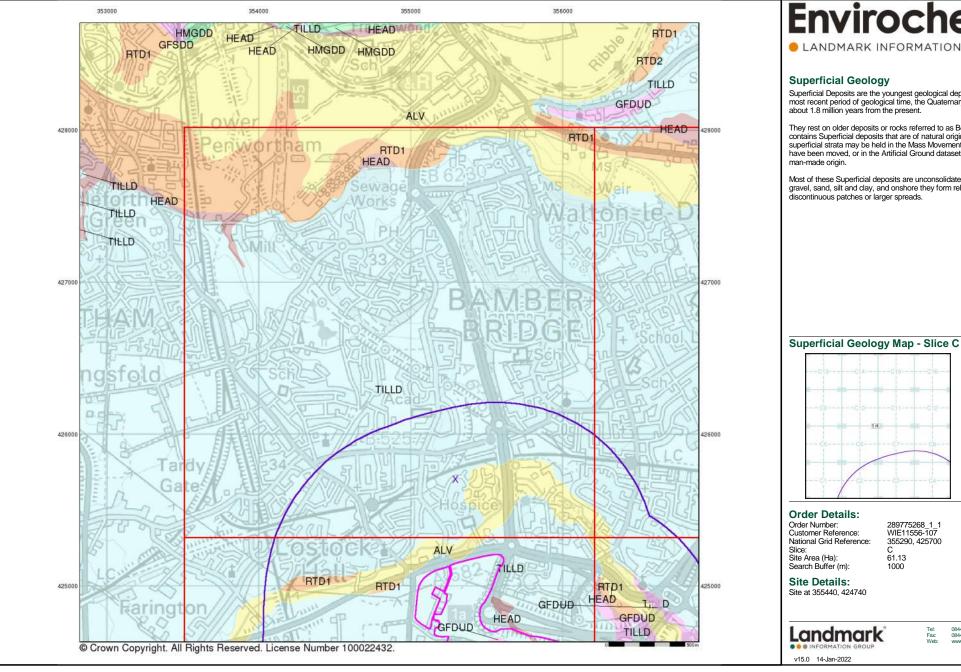
Site at 355440, 424740



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 2 of 5

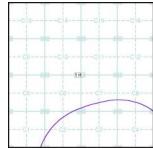


LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of

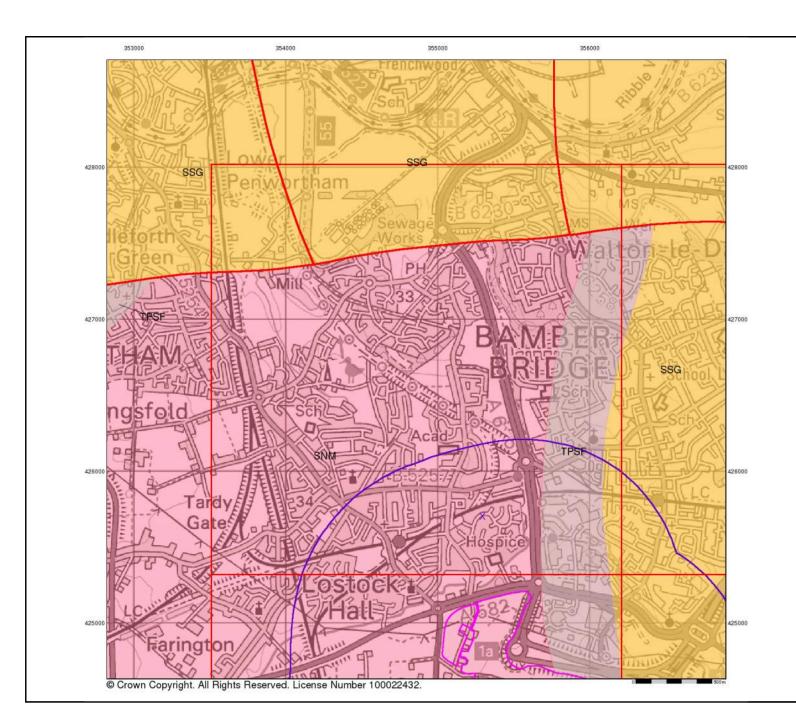
Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often





0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

Page 3 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

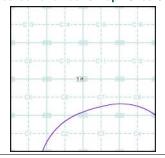
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice C





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

nce: 355290, 425700 C 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

Site Details:

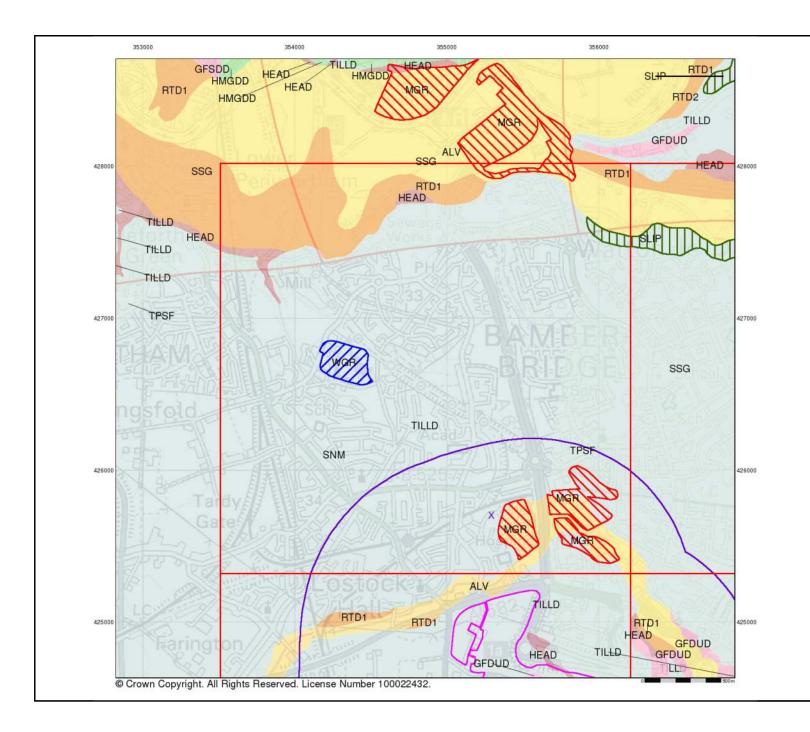
Site at 355440, 424740



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 4 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

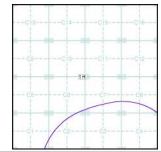
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice C



289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

355290, 425700



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice:

Slice: C Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

Site at 355440, 424740



rel: 0844 844 9952 rax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 5 of 5

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	LSGR	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Holocene - Holocene
	WGR	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void	Holocene - Holocene
	WMGR	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit	Holocene - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassifie d Entry	Quaternary - Quaternary

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Flandrian - Pleistocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	CLAY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, SILTY [UNLITHIFIED DEPOSITS CODING SCHEME]	Devensian - Ipswichian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy [Unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme]	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian
	RTD2	River Terrace Deposits, 2	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Ryazanian

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Ladinian - Late Permian
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian
	FLB	FLETCHER BANK GRIT	Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian
	GSYG	Guiseley Grit	Sandstone	Marsdenian - Marsdenian
	Fault			

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Geology 1:10,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:10,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around a site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

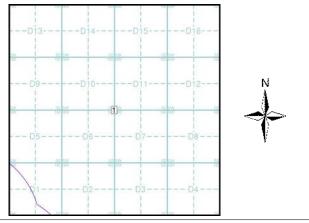
The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page.

Please Note: Not all of the layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:10,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: SD52NE Map Name: Map Date: Bedrock Geology: Available Superficial Geology: Available Artificial Geology: Available Not Supplied Landslip: Available **Rock Segments:** Not Supplied

Geology 1:10,000 Maps - Slice D



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356380, 425560

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

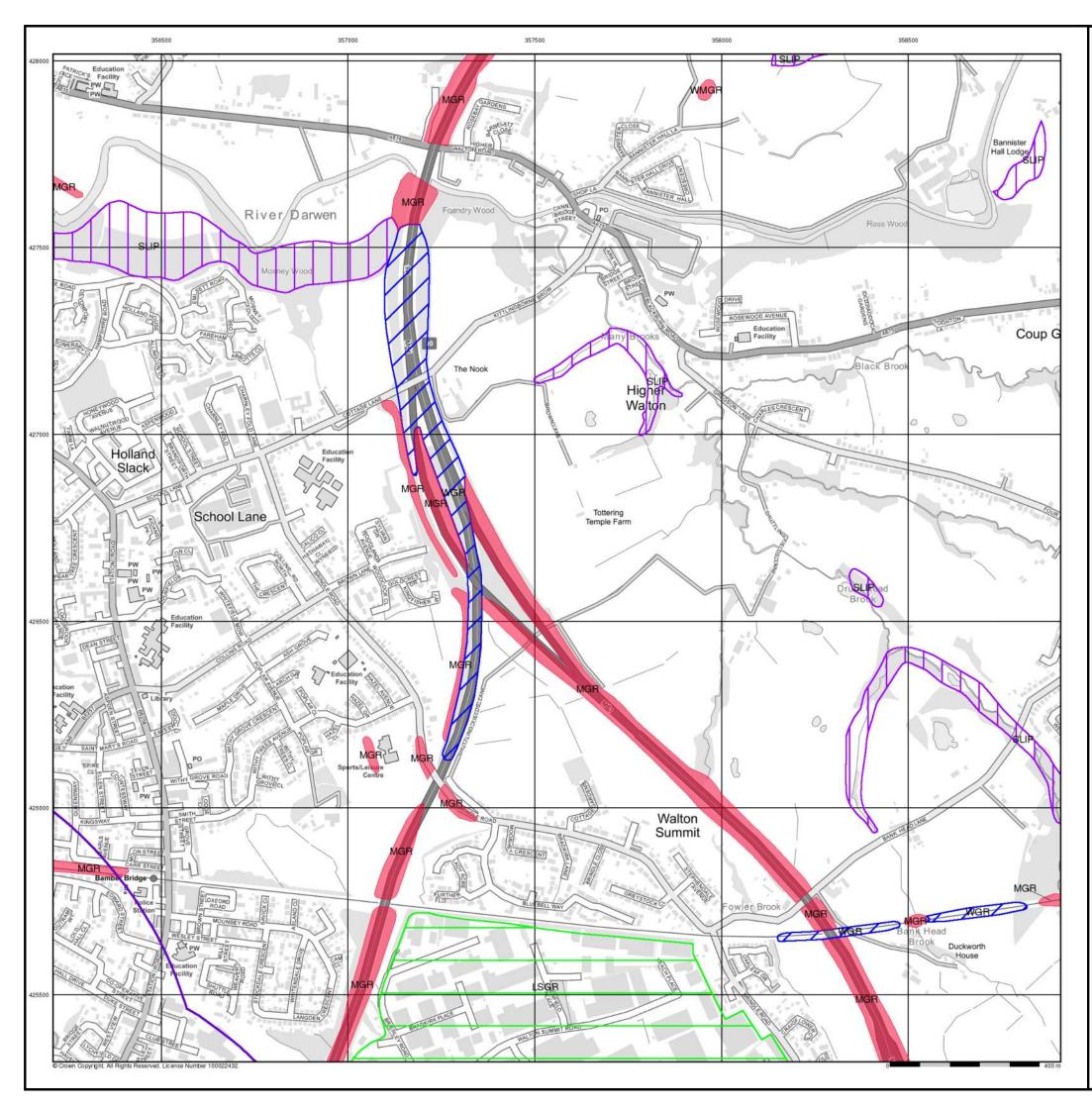
Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Jan-2022 Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

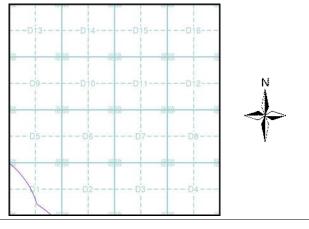
Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
 Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then
- wholly or partially backfilled.

 Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
- Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground separately.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice D



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 356380, 425560

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

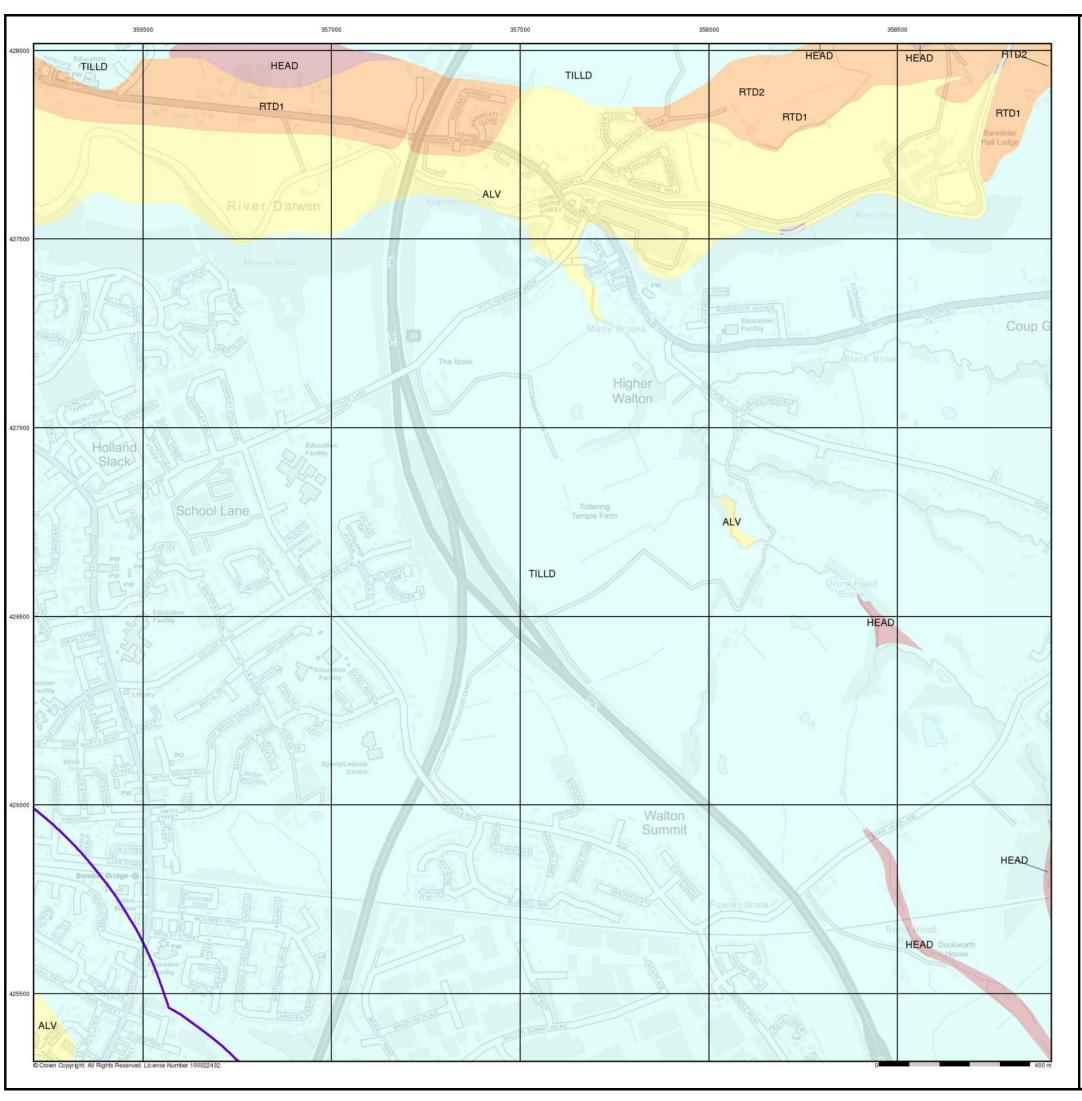
Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Jan-2022 P

Page 2 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

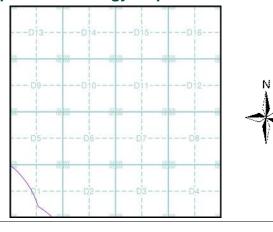
Superficial Geology

BGS 1:10,000 Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice D



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356380, 425560

Slice:

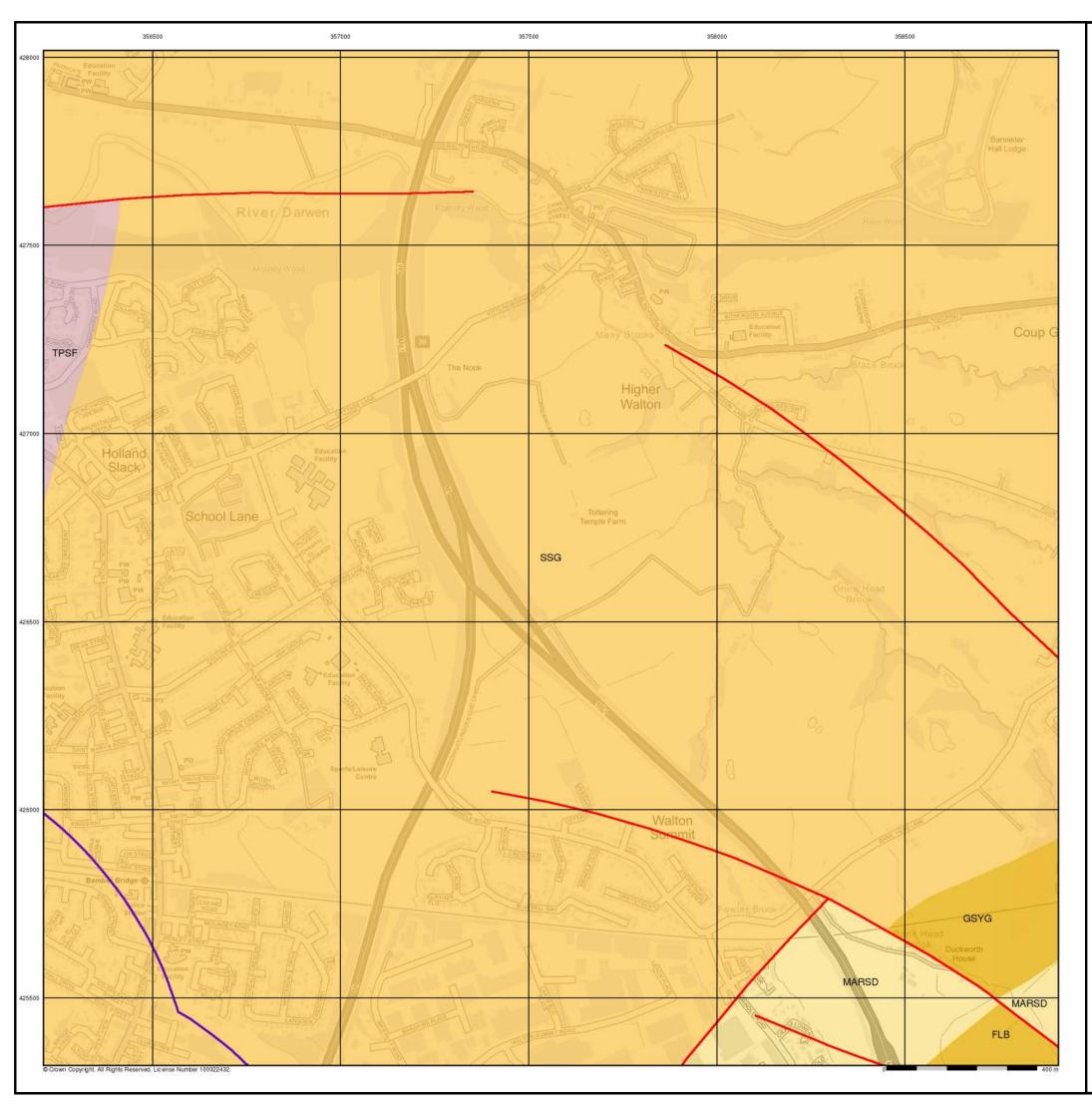
Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



el: 0844 844 9952 tx: 0844 844 9951 eb: www.envirocheck.co.uk



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

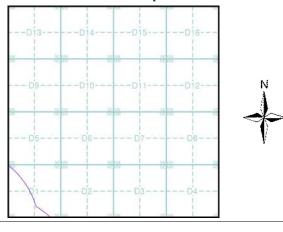
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults and thin beds mapped as lines such as coal seams and mineral veins. These are not restricted by age and could relate to features of any of the 1:10,000 geology datasets.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice D



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1
Customer Ref: WIE11556-107
National Grid Reference: 356380, 425560

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 61.13 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

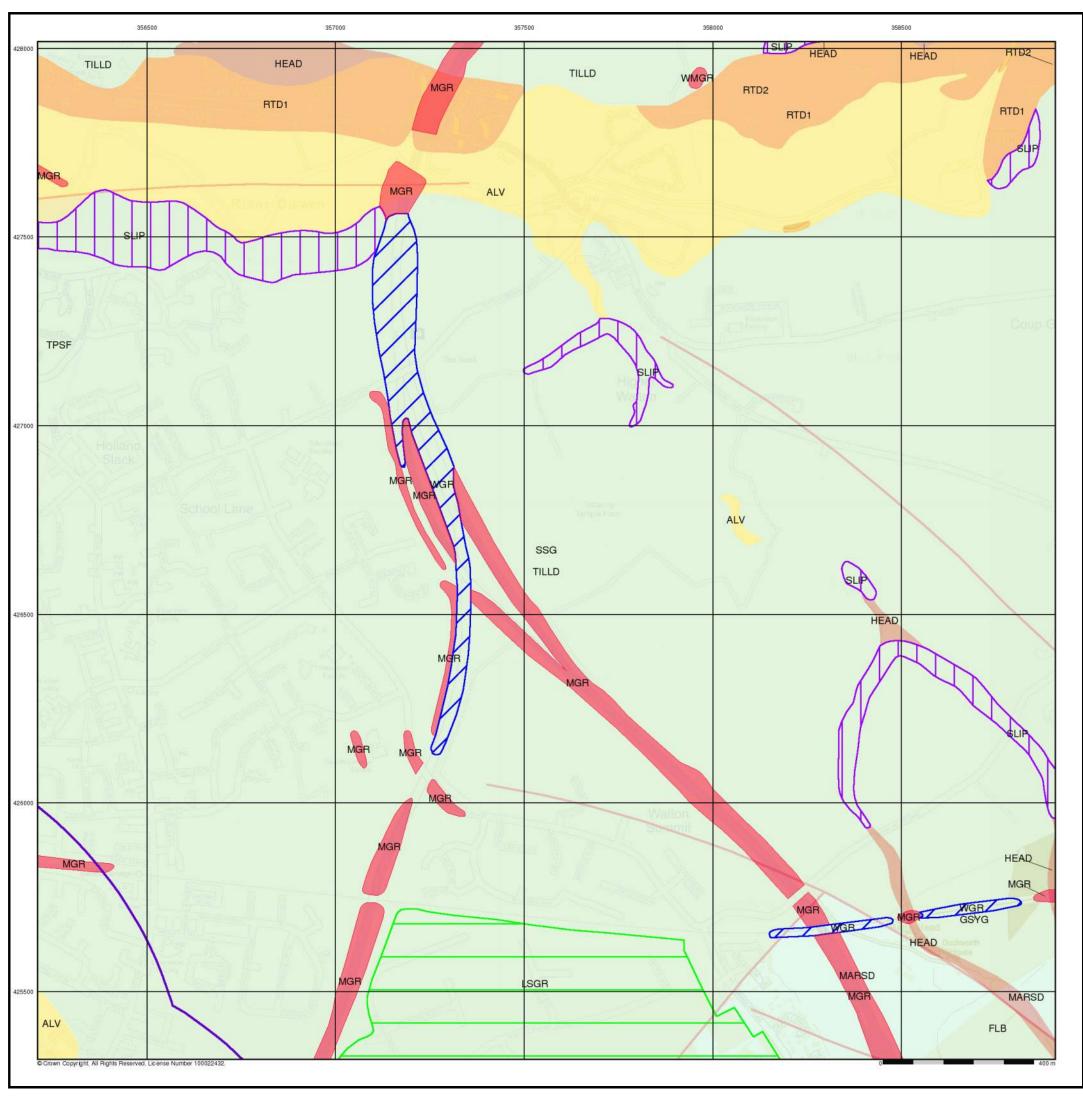
Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark®

el: 0844 844 9952 ax: 0844 844 9951 /eb: www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Jan-2022

14-Jan-2022 Page 4 of



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

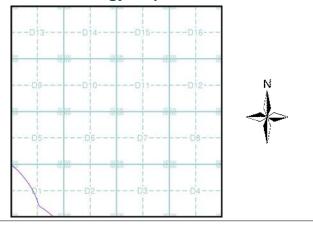
Additional Information

More information on 1:10,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice D



Order Details

Order Number: 289775268_1_1 Customer Ref: WIE11556-107 National Grid Reference: 356380, 425560

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 61.13

Site Details

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Artificial Ground and Landslip

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	MGR	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit	Not Supplied - Holocene
	SLIP	Landslide Deposit	Unknown/Unclassif ied Entry	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	GSYG	Guiseley Grit	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
		Faults		

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
2.5.5	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Holocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	Diamicton	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HMGDD	Hummocky (Moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian	Clay, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	HEAD	Head	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary
	RTD2	River Terrace Deposits, 2	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Olenekian
	SNM	Singleton Mudstone Member	Mudstone	Not Supplied - Early Triassic
	SSG	Sherwood Sandstone Group	Sandstone	Not Supplied - GUADALUPIAN
	MARSD	Marsden Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian
	FLB	FLETCHER BANK GRIT	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Namurian

Envirocheck®

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Geology 1:50,000 Maps

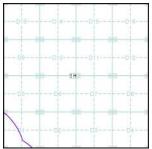
This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

Map ID: Map Sheet No: Preston 2012 Map Name: Map Date: Available Superficial Geology: Artificial Geology: Not Supplied Landslip: Available Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice D



289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

356380, 425560

D 61.13



Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

Site Details: Site at 355440, 424740

Landmark

0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 1 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Artificial Ground and Landslip

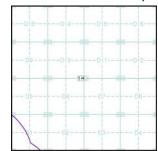
Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.
 Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- Worked ground areas where the ground has been cut away such as quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground.

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice D





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

nce: 356380, 425560 D 61.13 1000

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107

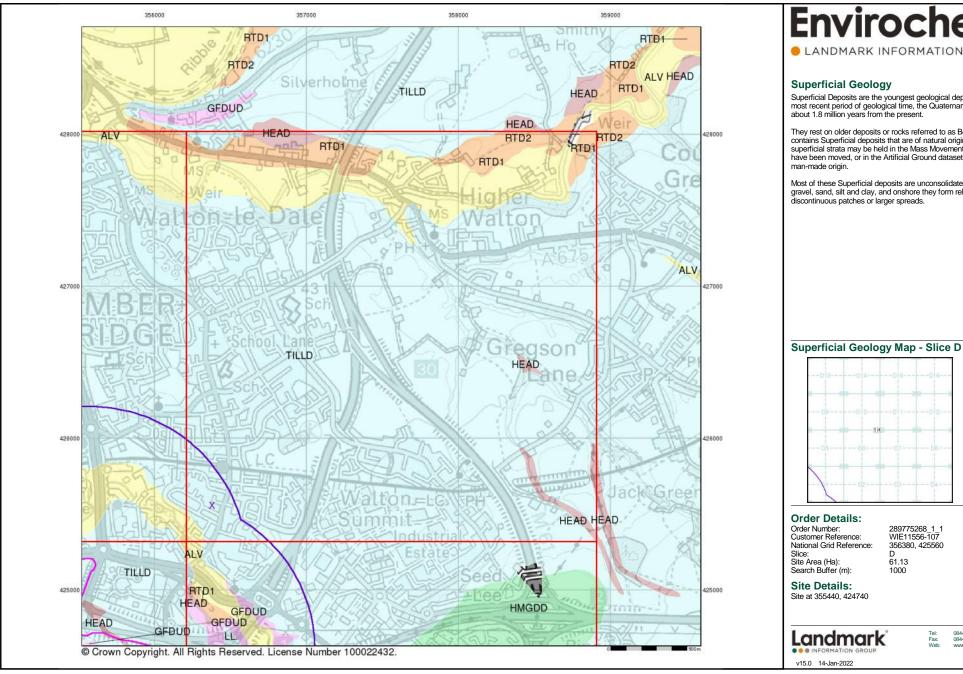
Site Details:

Site at 355440, 424740



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

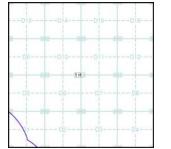


LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back

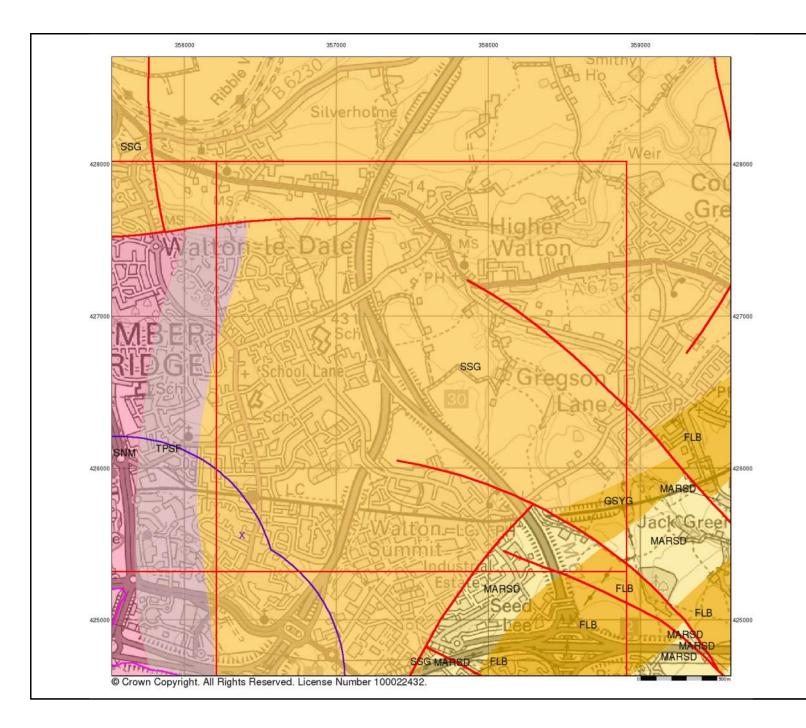
They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

Page 3 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Bedrock and Faults

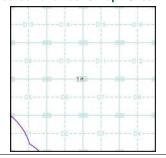
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice D





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107 356380, 425560 D 61.13 1000

Site Details:

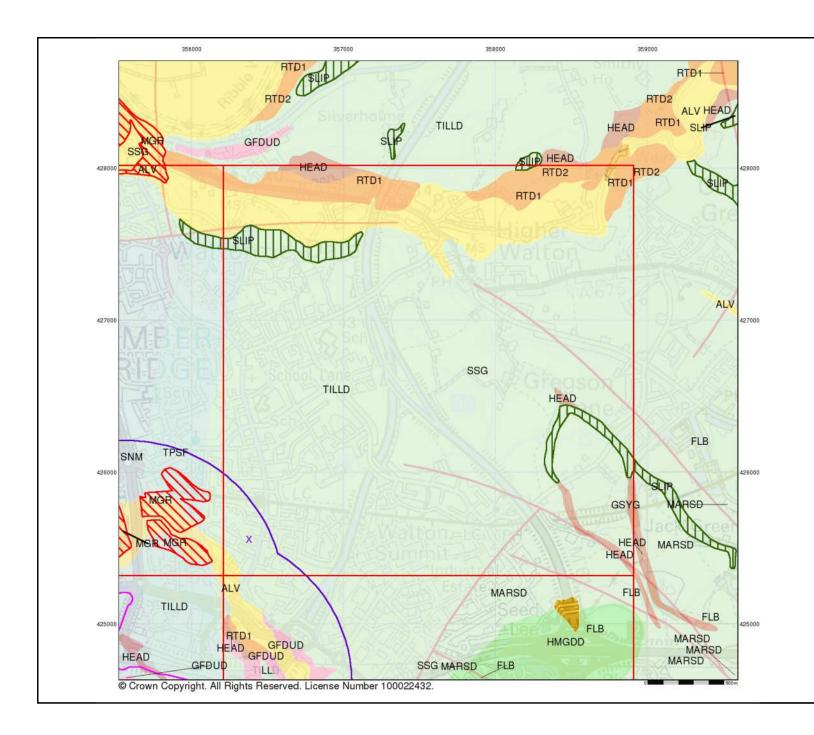
Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 4 of 5



LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

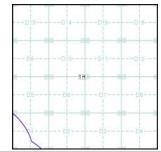
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice D





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference:

289775268_1_1 WIE11556-107 356380, 425560 D 61.13 1000

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

Site Details:

Site at 355440, 424740



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Jan-2022

Page 5 of 5